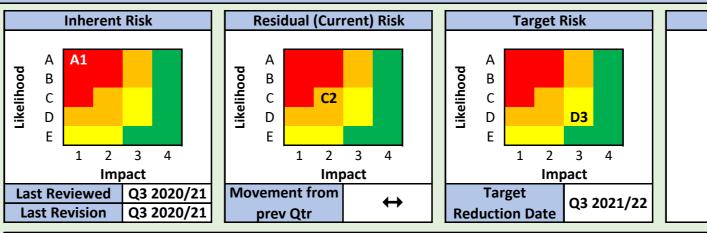
# **Non-completion of Statutory Building Equipment Maintenance**



Non completion of cyclical statutory inspections or the remedial works arising out of the inspections, required to maintain the premises and related installations in a safe and legally compliant condition.



# What we've done/are currently doing to achieve the Residual Risk Rating

# Contractor

 Building Services have appointed a competent cotractor to undertake Statutory Planned Preventative Maintenance (PPM) for which it is responsible. Consequential remedial work identified on test certificates.

 Improved statutory maintenance contracting arrangements in place from Q1 2019/20 inc. use of SFG 20 as specification for statutory obligations testing and new risk based specification for legionella management supported by RAMIS.

• FM competent person(s) review all test certificates, remedial work captured and communicated to client as necessary/applicable

• Statutory Obligations Team has been established within Building Services to improve monitoring and supervision of statutory obligations contractor. Contractors have been trained in the use of RAMIS in order for test certs to be uploaded directly to the system by contractors.

# RAMIS IT Software

• RAMIS implemented across the Council with bi-monthly reporting on statistics to SMT;

 500 Building Managers have received training in their responsibilities and use for the RAMIS system, including schools estates staff and Headteachers.

• Full time officer Administrating RAMIS, providing training and issuing reports from the system to all service areas to push compliance ratings up to a minimum of 80% set by SMT.

 Condition surveys have been completed which represents an extensive piece of work to improve our understanding and knowledge base of all the Council's land and property holdings.

# Corporate Landlord Programme

 County Estates senior management structure established supporting - Strategic Asset Management, Capital Delivery and Property Services, to manage and deliver all the Council's non-domestic property functions within one portfolio.

• The occupancy agreement (Memorandum of Agreement) for Schools was issued with the Schools Handbook and 'one front door' established to assist implementation. An occupancy agreement for non-schools properties has been drafted and circulated to relevant OM's for comment. The document will be finalised and circulated by end of Qtr 4 (COVID-19 delay). The 'One Front Door' approach was rolled out across the corporate estate by end of Q4 19/20.

# Statutory Obligation Compliance

 Continue to commission work to undertake required compliance testing (and works required) where Building Services has responsibility to do so, as defined on RAMIS.

# COVID-19

 Following initial restrictions on the type of statutory compliance testing being done in Council buildings, full testing has resumed in Qtr 3 (save PAT testing in schools in the latter stages on Qtr3 as requested by H&S) although there have been issues in gaining access to some schools.

• HSE interventions and consequential actions including fines and

• Significant additional expenditure requiring realignment of Corporate budgets;

Potential Impact(s)

Potential consequences of non-compliance with statutory maintenance:

• Closure of part or whole of facilities with major disruption to service

• Temporary relocation of staff

• Fatalities or serious injuries

deliverv

prosecution;

• Temporary loss of operational service

Invalidation of insurance policy

Serious adverse impact on reputation

• Damage to fabric of building or other equipment

# Type(s) of Impact

- Service Delivery
- Reputational Legal
- Financial

- Health & Safety Partnership Community & Environment
  - Stakeholder

Health & Safety

**Linked Risks** 

	Appendix B		
Risk Ov	vner(s)		
<b>Jeil Hanratty</b> Donna Jones)	<b>Councillor Russell Goodway</b> Investment & Development		
What we p	lan to do to meet target		
<ul> <li>Statutory Obligation Compliance</li> <li>Continue to commission investigations / work to complete required compliance testing (and works required) in respect of 'gaps' in compliance identified by reports from RAMIS.</li> <li>Landlord / Occupancy Agreement</li> <li>Roll out Landlord/Occupancy Agreement template across Corporate Estate in Q4 2020/21 (delayed from 2019/20 due to COVID-19). This will set out principle occupant and landlord permissions responsibilities and Permission for Works arrangements required.</li> <li>Landlord occupancy principles established and reviewed for inclusion in non-schools Buildings Handbook which has been circulated to relevant OM's for comment and is now available for reference through the One Front Door portal. It is intended that the document be finalised by end of Qtr 4</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>(subject to COVID-19 priorities) (delayed due to other priorities as a result of COVID-19).</li> <li>COVID-19 <ul> <li>As the WG restrictions are lifted and building reopen statutory obligation contractor to resume statutory obligations testing.</li> <li>Further WG restrictions on construction and / or building maintenance work could delay statutory</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			

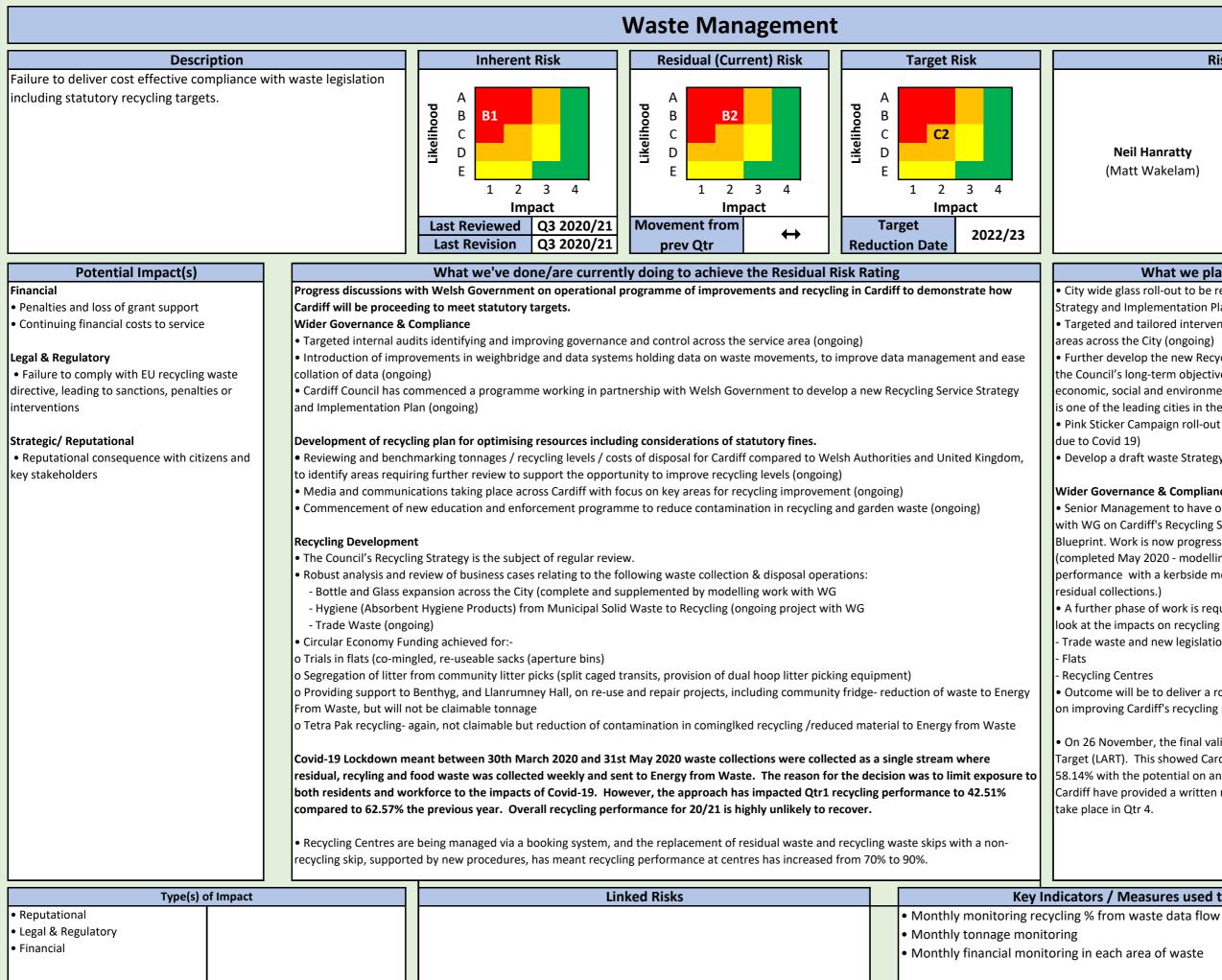
obligations testing and remedial works.

• Schools imposing access restrictions as a result of COVID-19 is causing some delays and additional costs.

Key Indicators / Measures used to monitor the risk

Compliance stats from the Corporate Health & Safety Team.

		Health & Safety					
Description	Inherent Risk	Residual (Current) Risk	Target Risk	Risk O	wner(s)		
Non Compliance with corporate health and safety arrangements to control key risks across the Council in line with statutory requirements.	A POO B C D E 1 2 3 4 Impact Last Reviewed Q3 2020/21 Last Revision Q3 2020/21	A B C D E 1 2 3 4 Impact Movement from prev Qtr	A B C D E 1 2 3 4 Impact Target Reduction Date	<b>Neil Hanratty</b> (Donna Jones)	<b>Councillor Chris Weaver</b> Finance, Modernisation and Performance		
Potential Impact(s)         • Fatalities         • Serious injuries         • Prosecution – fines for corporate body and/or fines/ imprisonment for individual         • Civil Claims         • Negative Publicity	<ul> <li>RAMIS - Continuation of roll out of Due to the escalation in transmiss responsibilities was not able to be of Digital Risk Assessment Library - Of the revised system, which will replate HSE visits to 10 Cardiff Schools to provided and no corrective actions</li> <li>Installation of fire suppression systinclusion in the site Fire Risk Assess</li> <li>Training webinars for building matcurrently being developed.</li> </ul>	review COVID-19 arrangements wer required stem in Lamby Way MRF completed	I reporting on performance of Headteachers in H&S/Building /22. sessments have been uploaded to nt well with positive feedback in Q3, procedures for operation and ons operating Council premises	<ul> <li>RAMIS - recommence full report focus on improvement of complia fault rectification, which have bee</li> <li>Condition Surveys School Buildin Condition Survey information to s restrictions permit.</li> <li>Continue Asbestos Training - on</li> </ul>	nce on high risk inspections and an impacted by the pandemic. ngs - Complete Dissemination of chools as and when COVID-19 line and face to face in line with H&S and OH resources will port the workforce and limit the il workplaces, as well as setting		
Type(s) of Impact		nked Risks		Indicators / Moasures used to me	poitor the risk		
Service Delivery     Reputational     Legal     Financial	Non-completion of Statutory Buildi		RAMIS is used to monito SMT, quarterly reportin Compliance against ann	Key Indicators / Measures used to monitor the risk used to monitor statutory risk in relation to premises safety, bi-monthly report rterly reporting to Health and Safety Forum. ce against annual Corporate H&S Objectives, used to monitor improvement sec Areas, reported to Health and Safety Forum.			



Risk Ov	wner(s)
<b>Neil Hanratty</b> 1att Wakelam)	<b>Councillor Michael Michael</b> Clean Streets, Recycling and Environment
What we plan to	do to meet target

 City wide glass roll-out to be reviewed as part of the Recycling Services Strategy and Implementation Plan. (complete)

 Targeted and tailored intervention to deal with contamination in hot spot areas across the City (ongoing)

• Further develop the new Recycling Strategy for Cardiff. This will set out the Council's long-term objectives over the next 10 years and consider

economic, social and environmental aspirations, in order to ensure Cardiff is one of the leading cities in the world for recycling. (ongoing)

• Pink Sticker Campaign roll-out across Cardiff to commence Qtr 2 (on hold

Develop a draft waste Strategy in 2021 for consultation

# Wider Governance & Compliance

 Senior Management to have ongoing regular engagement and discussions with WG on Cardiff's Recycling Strategy and compliance with the WG

Blueprint. Work is now progressing on looking at models for Cardiff

(completed May 2020 - modelling showed only a 1.2% increase in recycling performance with a kerbside model rising to 2.7% with a move to 3 weekly

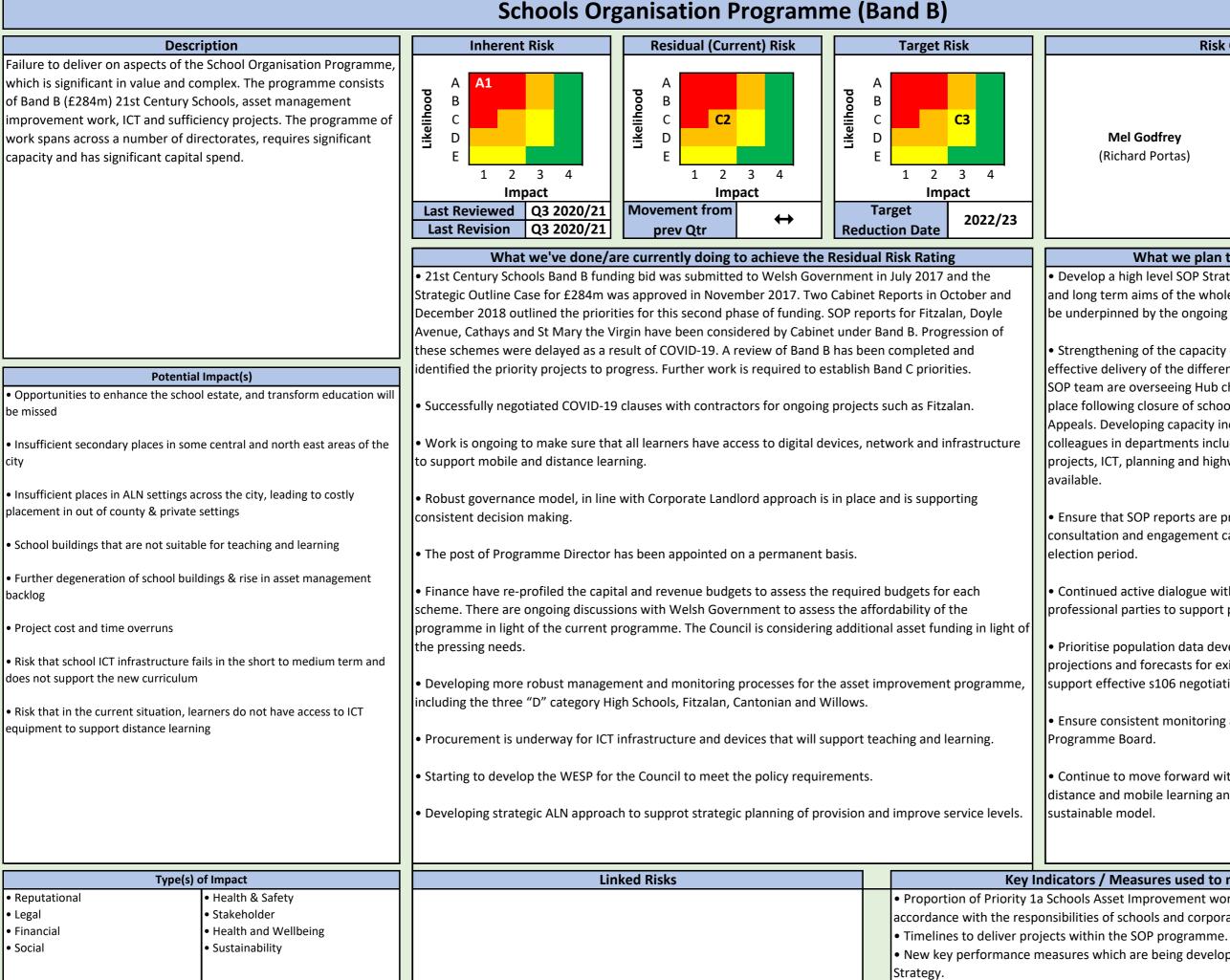
• A further phase of work is required working with Welsh Government to look at the impacts on recycling performance in relation to:

Trade waste and new legislation

• Outcome will be to deliver a road map supported by Welsh Government on improving Cardiff's recycling performance

• On 26 November, the final validated 2019-20 Local Authority Recovery Target (LART). This showed Cardiff achieved a recycling performance of 58.14% with the potential on an imposed fine of £2M through legislation. Cardiff have provided a written reponse to The Minister and a meeting will

# Key Indicators / Measures used to monitor the risk



Risk O	wner(s)			
<b>Mel Godfrey</b> ichard Portas)	<b>Councillor Sarah Merry</b> Deputy Leader & Education, Employment & Skills			
What we plan to do to meet target				

 Develop a high level SOP Strategy that outlines the short/ medium and long term aims of the whole programme. The SOP Strategy will be underpinned by the ongoing Band B review.

• Strengthening of the capacity of the SOP team critical to ensuring effective delivery of the different elements of the programme. The SOP team are overseeing Hub childcare provision that was put in place following closure of schools and supporting Admissions Appeals. Developing capacity includes ensuring that corporate colleagues in departments including legal, strategic estates, capital projects, ICT, planning and highways and transportation are

• Ensure that SOP reports are progressed as planned so that consultation and engagement can progress ahead of the pre-

• Continued active dialogue with Welsh Government and other professional parties to support progress and development.

• Prioritise population data development to underpin accurate projections and forecasts for existing resident populations and to support effective s106 negotiations going forward.

• Ensure consistent monitoring and reporting of all risks to Schools

 Continue to move forward with digital projects to support distance and mobile learning and embed into a long term and

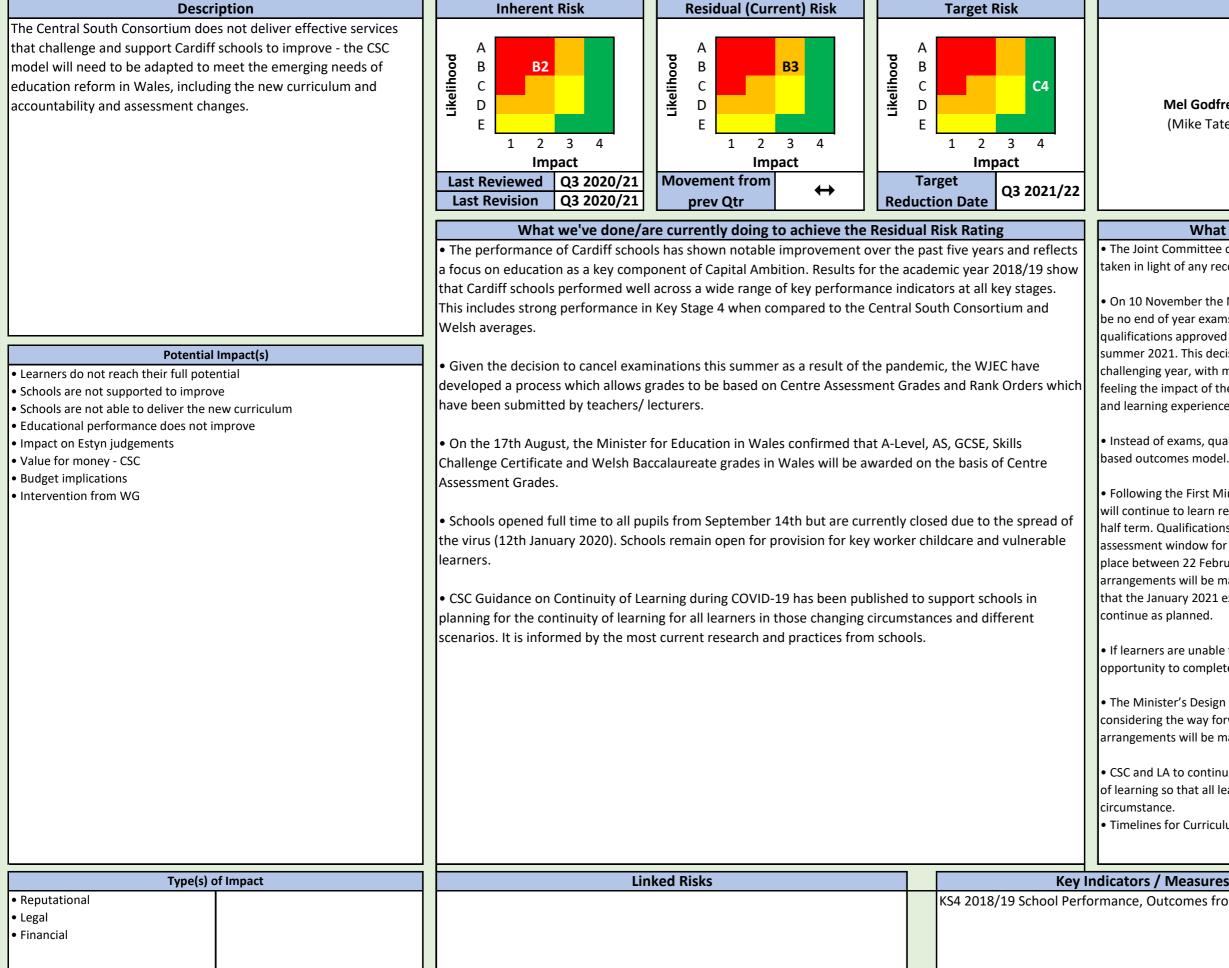
# Key Indicators / Measures used to monitor the risk

 Proportion of Priority 1a Schools Asset Improvement works completed in financial year, in accordance with the responsibilities of schools and corporate landlord (Corporate Plan).

New key performance measures which are being developed as part of the overarching SOP

	Educatior	n - Schools' Delegate	d Bud	gets		
Description	Inherent Risk	Residual (Current) Risk		Target Risk	Risk O	wner(s)
The number of schools with deficit budgets and/or the overall value of deficit budgets increases, or that those schools (particularly in the Secondary sector) with existing deficit budgets do not deliver agreed deficit recovery plans.	A B B C D E 1 2 3 4 Impact Last Reviewed Q3 2020/21 Last Revision Q3 2020/21	A B C D E 1 2 3 4 Impact Movement from prev Qtr		D2 1 2 3 4 Impact rget ion Date 2022/23	<b>Mel Godfrey</b> (Neil Hardee)	<b>Councillor Sarah Merry</b> Deputy Leader & Education, Employment & Skills
	What we've done/a	re currently doing to achieve the	Residual	Risk Rating	What we plan to	do to meet target
Potential Impact(s)         • An overall deficit arising from schools budgets would count against the funding available for the Council         • Schools with deficit budgets may struggle to adequately fund the resources required to achieve the desired levels of educational attainment         • Schools with deficit budgets may struggle to adequately fund maintenance of school buildings creating an issue for other budgets, eg Capital/SOP Band B         • Schools that continually fail to address deficit budgets may ultimately require LA intervention, with a corresponding increase required in centralised resources	<ul> <li>arrangements put in place for those</li> <li>Officers from Education and Final Governing Bodies to formulate Mees school deficits within four financial as much as possible.</li> <li>Officers continue to monitor and financial commitments, both staffine</li> <li>For each school in deficit, the Cou- challenge to the school. This is in an Annual audit of budget impact or which feed into discussions regardi</li> <li>A working group has been establis the LA and schools</li> <li>For the 2020/21 financial year, see for the previous year. Of those sever</li> </ul>	uncil has identified a monitoring offic ddition to the LFM Officer currently s n individual schools undertaken durin	hools throu seek to eit ated deficit fore allowin er to provi upporting g the Sumr nancial pla presenting 20. Of note	ugh Headteachers and her balance individual is were frozen or slowed ing any additional de an independent that school. mer Term, the results of nning processes used by a reduction on the figure is the fact that three	or schools in deficit who are unab financial plan. This may involve re Governing Body.	moving delegation from a nool Organisation Planning process ngements for schools would affect is affecting their delegated rstanding of the long term impact is on the funding formula. It maximising value from provement Grant is secured and nechanism
Type(s) of Impact		nked Risks			ndicators / Measures used to me	onitor the risk
<ul> <li>Reputational</li> <li>Legal</li> <li>Financial</li> </ul>	Linked risk to Covid 19 issues partic impact on grants and inability to m	cuarly with regard to decrease in inco anage staffing changes.	ime,	<ul> <li>School budget monitor</li> <li>Number of schools set</li> <li>Final budget balances</li> </ul>	• ·	

# **Education Consortium & Attainment**



Risk O	wner(s)		
<b>Mel Godfrey</b> (Mike Tate)	<b>Councillor Sarah Merry</b> Deputy Leader & Education, Employment & Skills		
What we plan to do to meet target			

• The Joint Committee of CSC will determine what follow up actions will be taken in light of any recommendations from the report.

• On 10 November the Minister confirmed her intention that there would be no end of year exams for learners taking GCSE, AS level and A level qualifications approved by Qualifications Wales and delivered by WJEC in summer 2021. This decision reflected the nature of what has been a highly challenging year, with many learners, including those in exam cohorts, feeling the impact of the public health crisis on their day to day teaching and learning experiences.

Instead of exams, qualifications in 2021 will be awarded through a centre-

• Following the First Minister's announcement on 8th January, most pupils will continue to learn remotely until 29 January or possibly even February half term. Qualifications Wales has announced that the spring internal assessment window for GCSE, AS, and A level, which were planned to take place between 22 February and 23 April, will not take place and new arrangements will be made. In addition, Qualifications Wales has confirmed that the January 2021 exams for Wales only vocational qualifications will

• If learners are unable to sit their exams in January, they will have the opportunity to complete their assessments in the summer.

• The Minister's Design and Delivery Advisory Group will now be considering the way forward and more detailed information about revised arrangements will be made available shortly.

• CSC and LA to continue to support schools to plan for flexible continuity of learning so that all learners have equitable learning whatever their

• Timelines for Curriculum for Wales 2022 are currently unchanged.

# Key Indicators / Measures used to monitor the risk

KS4 2018/19 School Performance, Outcomes from Estyn Inspections up to 2020.

## **Air Quality & Clean Air Strategy Residual (Current) Risk Inherent Risk Target Risk** Description Air quality in Cardiff does not meet statutory requirements set by legislation and continues to have a detrimental impact on health for А **A1** А А Likelihood Likelihood Likelihood В В В residents and visitors to Cardiff. **B2** С С С **C3** D D D Ar F F Е 23 4 2 3 2 3 1 1 4 1 4 Impact Impact Impact Last Reviewed Q3 2020/21 Movement from Target $\leftrightarrow$ 2022/23 Last Revision Q3 2020/21 prev Qtr **Reduction Date** What we've done/are currently doing to achieve the Residual Risk Rating Monitoring – Update 2020, increased the non-automatic monitoring sites in Cardiff which monitor levels of nitrogen dioxide (NO2) to 111 locations. Included in this data are 15 schools across the City, plus TRO projects at schools to monitor impact of pilot projects on air quality around schools. There are two live monitoring stations: Cardiff Frederick Street: Monitors 24/7 measuring levels of NO2, PM10 & PM2.5, SO2, CO and O3 Richard's Terrace, Newport Road: Monitors 24/7 measuring levels of NO2 & PM10 Potential Impact(s) The primary source of the pollution is road transport emissions, particularly diesel vehicle emissions. Although improvements are being seen, non-compliance of the NO2 limit values is projected beyond 2020. Cardiff has 4 existing declared Air Quality Management Areas (AQMA's) all as a result of elevated NO2 concentrations resulting from road traffic emissions. Local modelling indicates that Castle Street will not be compliant with the NO2 limit value beyond 2020 if no additional interventions are implemented to reduce pollution levels. Air Quality has seen a significant improvement as a direct impact from COVID 19 and the strict lock down measures in the early part of the outbreak, Ongoing recovery measures such as the closure of Castle Street has enabled the maintenance of the reduced air quality concentrations. In other areas levels have increased, but still remain below pre COVID concentrations. However it must be noted that there are numerous factors which will influence the results especially meteorological conditions.

 Bus Retrofit scheme launched and 3 applications received. Officers reviewing applications with regards to awarding early Jan 21. Some issues around ensuring BEIS principles of awarding subsidies followed to enable expenditure to continue after March 21. Also awaiting confirmation from WG to enable expenditure on scheme beyond March 21.

Ph1 City Centre West scheme (Wood St & Central Square) is ongoing.

 Castle Street works being reviewed further, some additional modelling undertaken to assess impacts of proposed revised scheme, removing through traffic.

•New Real-time monitor on Castle Street now fully operational and recording data on a 24/7 basis.

 5 indicative real time monitors installed on Castle Street (temporary), Westgate Street, Lower Cathedral Rd, Tudor Street and North Rd. Data is recorded every 15 minutes. Working with web team to develop public visual display for Council website.

Awaiting decision on revised Taxi Scheme prior to launch.

	Type(s) of Impact	Linked Risks	Key Indicators / Mo
<ul> <li>Health</li> <li>Regulatory</li> <li>Financial</li> <li>Strategic</li> </ul>	Reputational	Further delays to City Centre Schemes and further impacts from further outbreaks/ waves from COVID.	<ul> <li>Implementation Plan for measures (fur</li> <li>Monitoring and Evaluation Plan for Cle</li> <li>Ongoing monitoring and reporting und</li> </ul>

# Health & Safetv

No improvement to health Increased burden on health care Further deterioration of related health conditions

# Legal & Regulatory / Financial

Breach of legal / statutory requirements Potential significant financial penalty

around schools.

CTS.

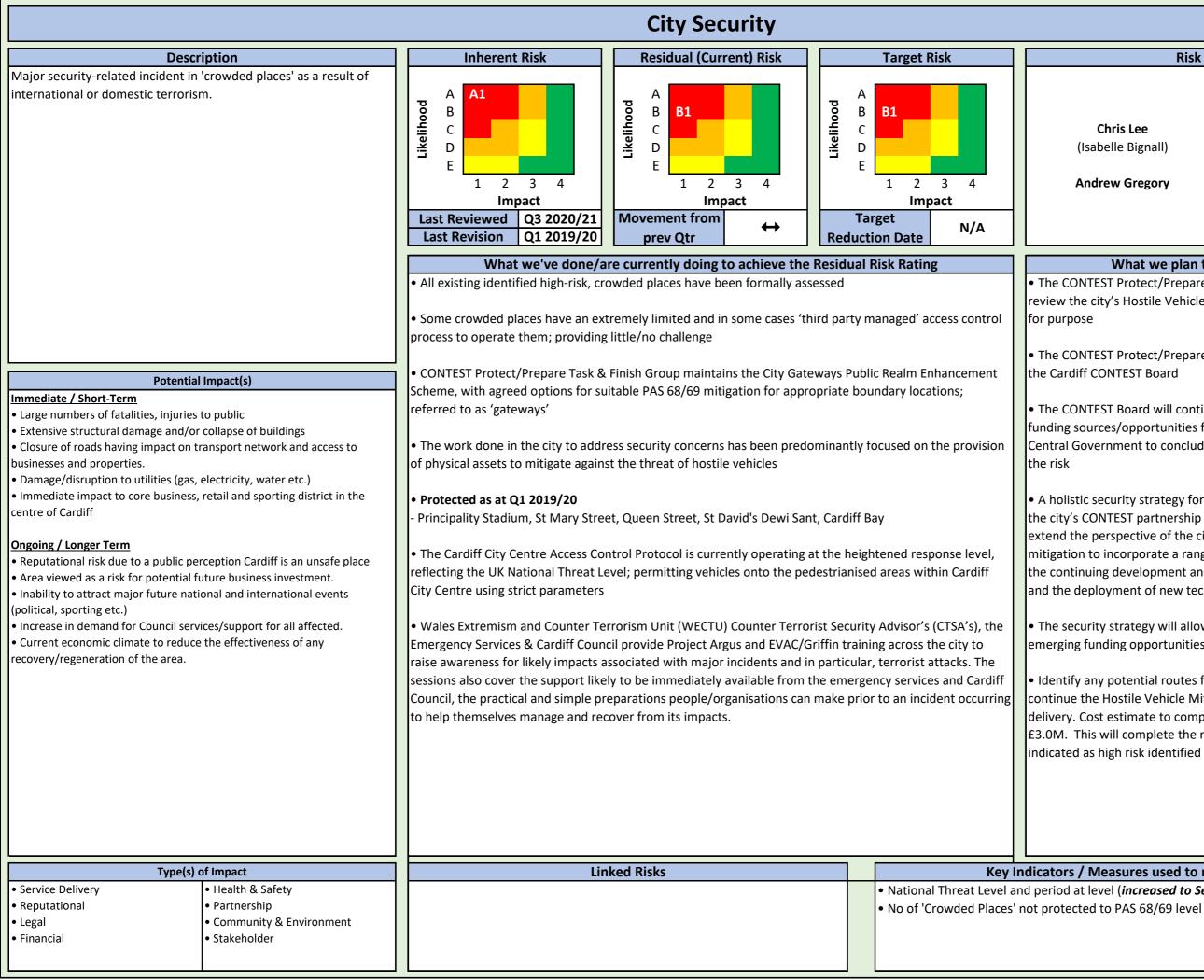
Risk C	)wner(s)
<b>idrew Gregory</b> (Jason Bale)	<b>Councillor Caro Wild</b> Strategic Planning & Transport

What we plan to do to meet target

- Implement Clean Air Plan Implement package of measures detailed in Final Plan, as per agreed plan and programme, following successful WG funding award.
- Further assessment on Castle Street to undertake more detailed modelling on revised scheme. Decision on timeframes of this will need to be made as could impact on completion date.
- Finalisation of Evaluation Plan following comments from expert panel on existing proposals.
- Work with Public Health Wales to quantify future health benefits and improvements from reduced emissions/ NO2 concentrations • Clean Air Strategy and Action Plan - In developing the Clean Air Plan the Council has further developed a wider Clean Air Strategy and Action Plan to satisfy the requirements of LAQM. The strategy includes measures that will likely provide further AQ improvements including AQMAs. The roll out of these measures have been
- delayed by COVID and are dependent on additional funding sources being available through any appropriate grant bidding etc.
- Pilot project for implementation of Non Idling Zones, targeted
- Living Walls and other Green Infrastructure
- Progression of EV Infrastructure and Council Fleet working with
- Air Quality Planning Guidance
- Schools Active Travel
- Behavioural Change Promotion, Car Free Day, Clean Air Day etc. Expansion of Real-time monitoring network & display/sharing of data linked to SMART Corridors Project

# easures used to monitor the risk

nding dependent) an Air Plan der LAQM



Risk Ov	wner(s)
Chris Lee sabelle Bignall) ndrew Gregory	<b>Councillor Huw Thomas</b> Leader

What we plan to do to meet target

 The CONTEST Protect/Prepare Group will continue to monitor and review the city's Hostile Vehicle Mitigation scheme to ensure it is fit

• The CONTEST Protect/Prepare Group will give a status report to the Cardiff CONTEST Board

• The CONTEST Board will continue to try to identify external funding sources/opportunities from Welsh Government and UK Central Government to conclude scheme and appropriately mitigate

• A holistic security strategy for the city is being developed through the city's CONTEST partnership mechanisms. This strategy will extend the perspective of the city's security beyond hostile vehicle mitigation to incorporate a range of security measures, including the continuing development and agglomeration of the city's CCTV and the deployment of new technological solutions.

• The security strategy will allow partners to be more responsive to emerging funding opportunities

 Identify any potential routes for further funding to enable us to continue the Hostile Vehicle Mitigation (HVM) programme of delivery. Cost estimate to complete City Centre and Bay is £2.5-£3.0M. This will complete the recommended improvements indicated as high risk identified by CONTEST Protect/Prepare group.

# Key Indicators / Measures used to monitor the risk

National Threat Level and period at level (increased to Severe as at November 2020)

Climate Change & Energy Security							
Descr	iption	Inherent Risk	Residual (Current) Ris	k Target Ris	k	Risk Ov	vner(s)
<ul><li>Flood &amp; Storm</li><li>Loss of life and risk to life</li><li>Direct damage to property, utilit</li></ul>	Ire proofing for key (social and levelopment. Impact(s) :ies and critical infrastructure	A B C D E 1 2 3 4 Impact Last Reviewed Q3 2020/21 Last Revision Q3 2020/21	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	A B B B B B B C D E 1 2 3 Impace	3 4	Andrew Gregory	<b>Councillor Michael Michael</b> Clean Streets, Recycling and Environment
Blight of Land and Development		What we've done/a	re currently doing to achiev	e the Residual Risk Rating		What we plan to	do to meet target
<ul> <li>Disruption to service delivery</li> <li>Contamination and disease from on contaminated land</li> <li>Increase in health issues</li> <li>Break up of community and soci</li> <li>Increase cost of insurance</li> <li>Migration of ecosystems</li> <li>Inconsistent energy supply</li> <li>Increased costs</li> <li>Inability to deliver public service</li> <li>Decrease in economic output</li> <li>Disruption to the supply of utilit</li> <li>Increased fuel poverty</li> </ul>	al cohesion s	The Council has declared a Climate E The following specific risk areas have • COASTAL EROSION (see separate ta • FLOODING • EXTREME WEATHER • ENERGY SECURITY & DECARBONISA • BIODIVERSITY	e been identified: ab for details)			<ul> <li>Develop strategic response to the to incorporate carbon neutral targe</li> <li>COASTAL EROSION (see separate</li> <li>FLOODING</li> <li>EXTREME WEATHER</li> <li>ENERGY SECURITY &amp; DECARBON</li> <li>BIODIVERSITY</li> </ul>	et. tab for details)
	of Impact	Linked Risks		Linked Documents		Key Indicators / Measure	s used to monitor the risk
Service Delivery     Reputational     Legal     Financial	<ul> <li>Health &amp; Safety</li> <li>Partnership</li> <li>Community &amp; Environment</li> <li>Stakeholder</li> </ul>	Coastal Erosion Air Quality Business Continuity	https://www. https://www.	evaccardiff.co.uk/		Storm Events that meet silver & go Annual number of flooded propert reporting) Energy use / renewable energy pro	old emergency intervention ties and severity (statutory

# Description

Cardiff is not able to manage the effects of climate change and energy security due to lack of future proofing for key (social and civil) infrastructure and business development.

# Potential Impact(s)

 Loss of biodiversity leads to reduction in ecosystem resilience, and reduction in ecosystem resilience will compromise the provision of ecosystem services. These are the services or benefits which we gain from the natural environment.

• Ecosystem services include climate change mitigation and adaptation.

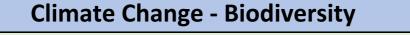
 Climate change mitigation includes the sequestration and storage of carbon by plants, especially long-lived species such as trees. Reduction of this ecosystem service makes it harder to reduce net carbon emissions. Annually Cardiff's trees (not including other aspects of green infrastructure) provide ecosystem services worth £3.31 million, of which £1.9 million is in carbon storage and sequestration (iTree Study, Sept 2018).

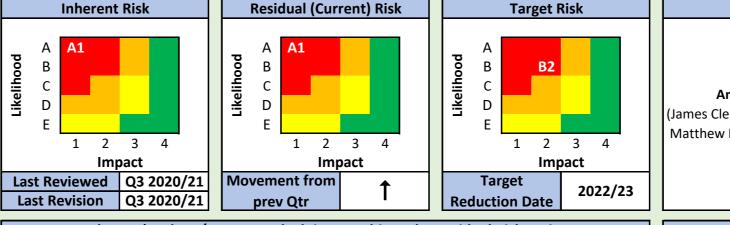
• Climate change adaptation services include storm water attenuation by vegetation and reduction of surface water volume through evapotranspiration

• Trees, green walls and green roofs allow cooling and shading, thereby mitigating the urban heat island effect which may become more prevalent with a warmer climate.

 Hotter summers also increase risk of aerial pollution through air stagnation, and green infrastructure can remove certain pollutants from the air as well as having a cooling effect.

 The National Priorities of the WG Natural Resources Policy include 'Delivering Nature-based Solutions'. Failure to ensure protection of biodiversity and ecosystem resilience risks failure to deliver these nature-based solutions, which include climate change mitatgation and adaptation.





# What we've done/are currently doing to achieve the Residual Risk Rating

Launch of One Planet Cardiff: October 2020

Developed a Biodiversity and Resilience of Ecosystems Duty Forward Plan, to implement the statutory duty to seek to maintain and enhance biodiversity and in doing so to promote ecosystem resilience. Undertaken an 'iTree-Eco' study to look at the value of trees in terms of the ecosystem services that they provide.

• Working with neighbouring Local Authorities through the Local Nature Partnership Cymru project to share ideas and best practise for enhancing biodiversity across the City and identifying opportunities for cross-boundary projects to improve habitat and species connectivity and increase ecosystem resilience. Contributed to the Central South Wales Area Statement recently published by Natural Resources Wales. Response to Environmental Scrutiny Task and Finish on Biodiversity Reported for Cabinet November 2020

Type(s) of Impact		Linked Risks	Linked Documents	Key Ir
<ul> <li>Service Delivery</li> <li>Reputational</li> <li>Legal</li> <li>Financial</li> <li>Health &amp; Safer</li> <li>Partnership</li> <li>Community &amp;</li> <li>Stakeholder</li> </ul>	Environment	Coastal Erosion Air Quality Business Continuity Energy decarbonisation	https://www.evaccardiff.co.uk/ https://www.cdp.net/en	Extent of Gr

Risk Ov	vner(s)
ndrew Gregory emence/ Simon Gilbert/ Harris/ Jon Maidment)	<b>Councillor Michael Michael</b> Clean Streets, Recycling and Environment
What we plan to	do to meet target

 Develop Coed Caerdydd Strategy to maximise tree canopy cover within Cardiff

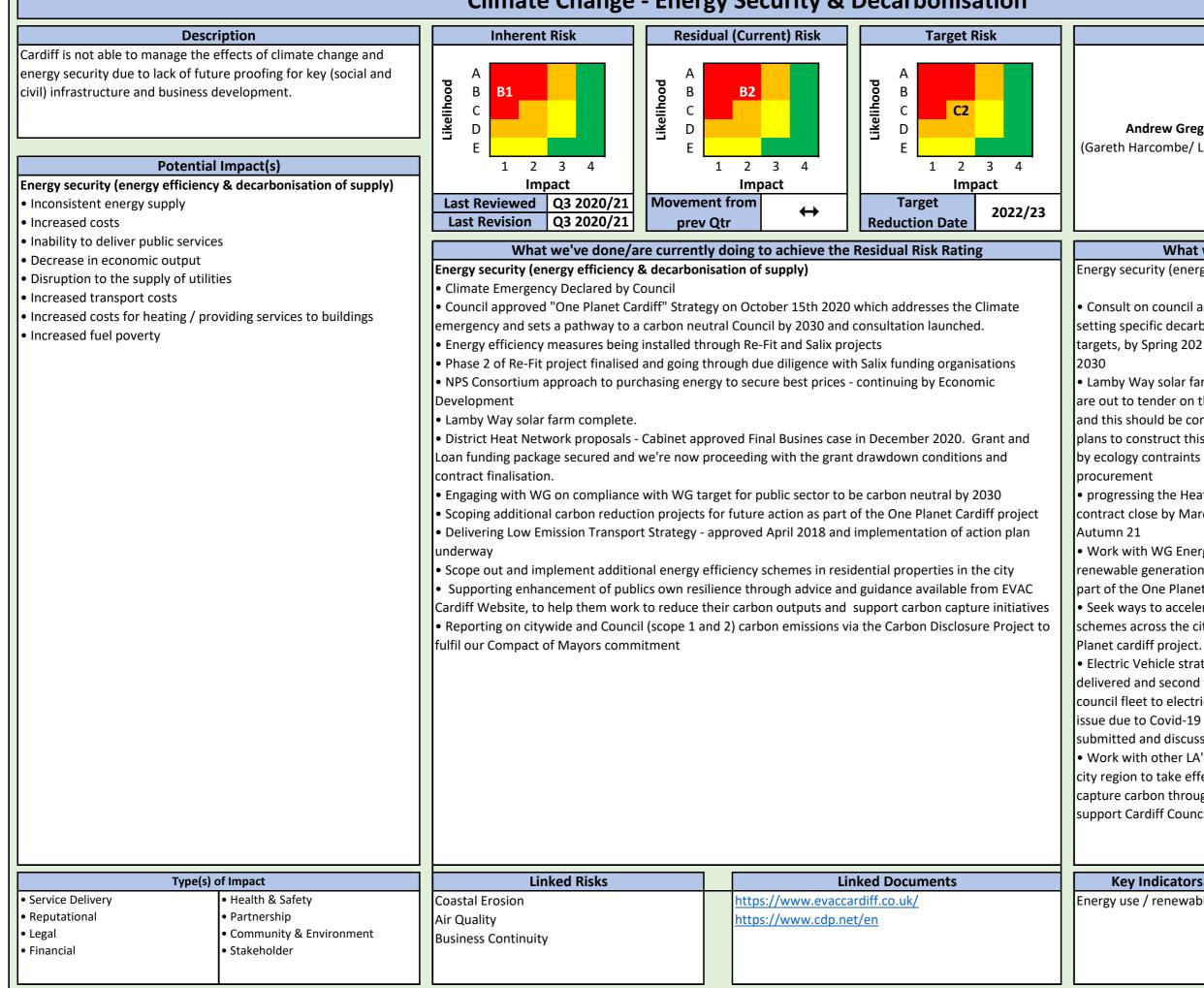
• Report every three years on the Biodiversity and Resilience of Ecosystems Duty Forward Plan, and continue to improve the plan as

• Seek opportunities for partnership working under the 5 main themes of ther South Wales Area Statement (building resilient ecosystems, working with water, connecting people with nature, improving our health, improving our air quality).

necessary

ndicators / Measures used to monitor the risk een Infrastructure in the City.

# **Climate Change - Energy Security & Decarbonisation**



Risk Ov	vner(s)
<b>drew Gregory</b> arcombe/ Liz Lambert)	<b>Councillor Michael Michael</b> Clean Streets, Recycling and Environment
What we plan to	do to meet target

Energy security (energy efficiency & decarbonisation of supply)

• Consult on council approved draft "One Planet Cardiff" Strategy, setting specific decarbonisation and renewable energy generation targets, by Spring 2021 - including Carbon Neutral Public Sector by

• Lamby Way solar farm is complete and connected to the grid. We are out to tender on the private wire connection to Welsh Water and this should be complete before the summerof next year. Initial plans to construct this were delayed in contractula negotiations and by ecology contraints and this has prompted the need for a new procurement

 progressing the Heat Network Project with the intention of contract close by March 21 - and commencement of construction

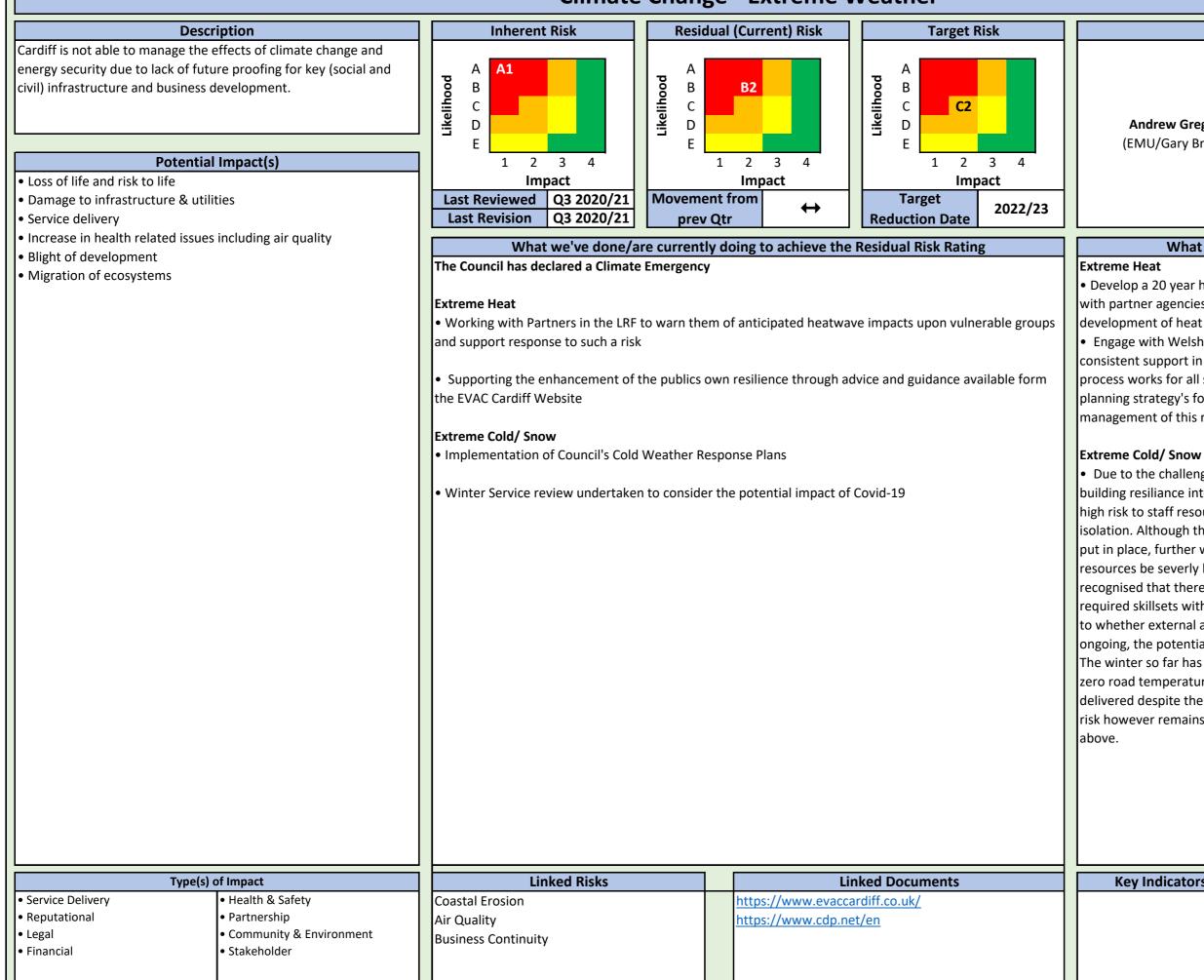
 Work with WG Energy Services advisors to assess future renewable generation and carbon reduction schemes - ongoing as part of the One Planet Cardiff Project.

• Seek ways to accelerate housing energy efficiency and retrofit schemes across the city and possibly the region as part of the One Planet cardiff project.

Electric Vehicle strategy - first tranche of residential chargers delivered and second tranch now finalised. Proposals to convert council fleet to electric being finalised but now subject to funding issue due to Covid-19 (was to be CPE funded) - funding bids to be submitted and discussion with Central Finance on options
Work with other LA's and partners in both wales and the wider city region to take effective action to reduce carbon outputs and capture carbon through "nature by design" options. This will support Cardiff Council's One Planet Cardiff strategy.

Key Indicators / Measures used to monitor the risk Energy use / renewable energy production of Cardiff Council

# **Climate Change - Extreme Weather**



Risk Ov	wner(s)
n <b>drew Gregory</b> /IU/Gary Brown)	<b>Councillor Michael Michael</b> Clean Streets, Recycling and Environment
What we plan to	do to meet target

Develop a 20 year heat mitigation strategy for the city. Working with partner agencies and commercial stakeholders to support development of heat reduction programmes.

 Engage with Welsh Government with in WLGA, and PSB to ensure consistent support in managing this risk ensuring the planning process works for all stakeholders to ensure we develop sustainable planning strategy's for future developments, planning the management of this risk

• Due to the challenges of Covid 19, the concentration has been on building resiliance into the Winter Service. Covid 19 represents a high risk to staff resource due to illness and the requirements of isolation. Although the required training and staff rotas have been put in place, further work is ongoing to provide resiliance should resources be severly hit by the pandemic. However, it must be recognised that there is a limited available resource with the required skillsets within the authority and although investigations as to whether external assistance can be utilised/is available is ongoing, the potential for service disruption cannot be ruled out. The winter so far has been demanding due to long periods of sub zero road temperatures but the winter service has continued to be delivered despite the adverse effets of Covid 19 on resources. The risk however remains for disruption to the service as detailed

# Key Indicators / Measures used to monitor the risk

## **Climate Change - Flooding Residual (Current) Risk Inherent Risk Target Risk Risk Owner(s)** Description Cardiff is not able to manage the effects of climate change and energy security due to lack of future proofing for key (social and А А А Likelihood Likelihood Likelihood В В В **B1 B2** civil) infrastructure and business development. С С С **C2** Andrew Gregory D D D (Gary Brown/ David Brain F F Е James Clemence/ Stuart Environment Potential Impact(s) 2 3 23 2 3 Williams) 1 4 1 4 1 4 Flood & Storm Impact Impact Impact Movement from Last Reviewed Q3 2020/21 Target Loss of life and risk to life $\leftrightarrow$ 2022/23 Last Revision Q3 2020/21 **Reduction Date** prev Qtr • Direct damage to property, utilities and critical infrastructure What we've done/are currently doing to achieve the Residual Risk Rating What we plan to do to meet target The Council has declared a Climate Emergency Flood & Storm • Blight of Land and Development Flood & Storm The following actions are ongoing: Disruption to service delivery • Working with partners within the Local Resilience Forum (LRF) to support the management of this risk including supporting the emergency response to this risk Develop new iteration of the Local Flood Management Strategy Contamination and disease from flood and sewer water and flood on contaminated land Supporting the enhancement of the publics own resilience through advice and guidance available form • Develop new iteration of the Flood RIsk Management Plan the EVAC Cardiff Website Increase in health issues Develop enhanced engagement programme with partners • Implementation of Schedule 3 of the Flood and Water Management Act 2010 requires all new supporting the public in enhancing their own resilience Break up of community and social cohesion development over 100m2 to implement sustainable drainage, resilient to flooding Improve communication on what to do in a flood and raise • Increase cost of insurance Development of Flood Risk Management Strategy awareness of risk Migration of ecosystems • Currently introducing Flood Incident Management software to provide better understanding of spatial Improve the service provided by the SuDS Approval Body (SAB) distribution of flood events filtered by source, and determine priority areas for future flood alleviation schemes to be implemented (subject to WG funding bid opportunities). Funding bids have been submitted Deliver guidance to increase standards and ease of development and grant funding now awarded for 20/21 for Business Justification Cases for a number of these schemes. Asset management - Delivery of Flood Management and Coastal Applications to WG have been successful for further grant funding in year to support studies and Improvement Schemes and rationalise/ prioritise gully maintenance implementation of localised flood preventions schemes. schedule based on the outputs of the Flood Incident Management software. Ongoing CCTV and asset capture work taking place in drainage networks to review high risk areas. • Apply for further grant funding for 2021/22 to support studies and implementation of localised flood preventions schemes. **Linked Risks** Linked Documents Type(s) of Impact Key Indicators / Measures used to monitor the risk • Service Delivery Health & Safety Coastal Erosion https://www.evaccardiff.co.uk/ Storm Events that meet silver & gold emergency intervention Reputational Partnership Air Quality https://www.cdp.net/en Annual number of flooded properties and severity (statutory Legal Community & Environment Business Continuity reporting) Financial Stakeholder Energy use / renewable energy production of Cardiff Council

# **Councillor Michael Michael** Clean Streets, Recycling and

			<b>Coastal Erosion</b>					
Descr	iption	Inherent Risk	Residual (Current) Risk	1	Target Risk	Risk Owner(s)		
Breach of current defences resultin (current defences are ad hoc and a		A B B C D E 1 2 3 4 Impact Last Reviewed Q3 2020/21 Last Revision Q3 2020/21	A B C D E 1 2 3 4 Impact Movement from prev Qtr	A B C Ity E Targe Reduction	2022/23	Andrew Gregory (Gary Brown/ David Brain)	<b>Councillor Michael Michael</b> Clean Streets, Recycling and Environment	
		What we've done/a	re currently doing to achieve the	<b>Residual Ris</b>	k Rating	What we plan to	do to meet target	
		• Incident management arrangeme emergency management for a floor	nts are in place, which whilst not pre d and coastal erosion risk event occu	•		We will be designing & delivering a protection scheme as a matter of p		
Potential • Continued coastal erosion along the Traveller site and critical infrastructure Way/Lamby Way roundabout • Erosion to two decommissioned land material into the Severn Estuary and F impacts • Flood risk to 1,116 residential and 72 years, including risk to life, property, if • N.B. the predicted rates of erosion to Site and the adjacent electrical substar release of large volumes of unknown to Severn Estuary.	coast threatening the Rover Way e including Rover Way and the Rover dfill sites, with risk of releasing landfill having significant environmental 2 non-residential properties over 100 infrastructure and services threaten the Rover Way Travellers tion within 5 years, and further	<ul> <li>The necessary works are holistic a lowered until the completed constru-</li> <li>The inundation risk will be improved provide defence for a 1 in 200 year of 40%.</li> <li>The total costs associated with the been estimated at £10.9m (Welshow)</li> <li>Formal application has been submed and developed and the second developed and developed and</li></ul>	severe weather event, plus an allow e Design, Early Contractor Engageme Government 75% funding = £8.2m al nitted to Welsh Government (WG) u elopment of the Detailed Design and ammed for completion in May 2020, d February 2020. Due to Covid 19 res	e residual risk e in its entiret ence scheme. T ance for clima ent and Constr nd CCC 25% fu nder the WG C Full Business C however this trictions, grou	rating cannot be cy. The scheme will ate change influence ruction phases have unding = £2.7m) Coastal Risk Case (FBC) for the has been impacted by	<ul> <li>Detailed design and full business case ongoing</li> <li>Keysteps: <ul> <li>Completion date for detailed design and Full Business Case (FBC) anticipated late 2021 (TBC following review of the Ground Investigation and the delays related to Covid 19).</li> <li>Full Business Case to be submitted to Welsh Government for approval &amp; funding confirmation. Detailed design has commenced follwing completion of the GI.</li> <li>Tender scheme promptly following support from Welsh Government. Contract will be developed as part of detailed design process to support tender process.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Extensions for timescales due to Covid 19 delays, and complexities of the ground conditions and therefore design, have been agreed with WG - funding for FBC has been increased to cover additional costs (plus WG grant % increase) and extended to 16 March 2022.</li> <li>Anticipated construction starting 2022, subject to the above, with completion 2024.</li> </ul>		
Type(s) c	fImpact	Lin	ked Risks		Kovit	dicators / Measures used to me	nitor the risk	
• Health & Safety • Health • Reputational • Financial	•Strategic • Service Delivery	Climate Change risks		Key Indicators / Measures used to monitor the risk           • Award of contract for detailed design and Full Business Case - achieved           • Completion of detailed design and Full Business Case by May 2020 & submitted to WG           • Delivery programme of coastal protection scheme			e - achieved	

# Description

The risk that Brexit (and any subsequent decisions) will create severe disruption to the City and hinder its ability to continue to deliver effective services and maintain community cohesion.

From 11pm on 31 January 2020, the UK legally ceased to be a member of the EU, with the Withdrawal Agreement entered into force and a transition period commenced up until the end of December 2020. During this period, the UK Government aimed to negotiate a free trade deal with the EU. The negotiations formally ended on 24 December 2020 with an agreement, the UK-EU Trade and Cooperation Agreement (TCA), approved in principle by the UK Prime Minister and the President of the European Commission.

The EU-UK TCA sets out preferential arrangements in areas such as trade in goods and in services, digital trade, intellectual property, public procurement, aviation and road transport, energy, fisheries, social security coordination, law enforcement and judicial cooperation in criminal matters, thematic cooperation and participation in Union programmes. It is underpinned by provisions ensuring a level playing field an respect for fundamental rights.

Despite a deal being finalised, the UK's departure from the EU will bring change for organisations of every size and sector. No major member state has ever left the EU before; there is little precedent for the situation in which we find ourselves and therefore it is important that we keep in place our relevant plans and mitigations fo the foreseeable future.

# Potential Impact(s)

# Watching Brief Required:

• Impact on Council supply chains

- Citizens and Community Cohesion
- Increases of tension/ hate crime

Emergency Management

- Responding to civil contingencies/ major disruption (potential for food shortages, disruption to water supply (infrastructure) and fuel shortages)
- Shortage/ loss of key supplies

 Preparedness of local businesses for changes to trade (of both goods and services) with the EU.

# Short-term Issues Identified:

Citizens and Community Cohesion

Implementing the EU Settlement Scheme (the deadline to apply to the scheme is 30 June 2021)

# Medium to Long-term Issues Identified:

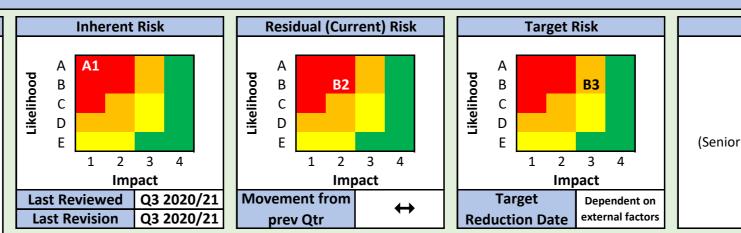
Labour Market and Council Staff

• Financial

 Impact on Public Finances – Central Government and Welsh Government Analysis suggests that as a result of Brexit, the economy is Wales likely to be up to around 10% smaller than otherwise over the long-term. • The future of regional funding (the future UK Shared Prosperity Fund)

Stakeholder

# • Investment, Trade and Industrial Strategies (including regulations) Type(s) of Impact Service Delivery Health & Safety Reputational Partnership Legal Community & Environment



Brexit

# What we've done/are currently doing to achieve the Residual Risk Rating

On 23 July 2020, the Council's Resilience Unit coordinated a Council-wide exercise to update the Council's Brexit Issues Register. Each Directorate reviewed its wider Brexit preparedness, noting the impact of COVID-19, along with refreshed mitigative actions. A particular focus was given to supply chains/ ensuring continuity of supply.

Additionally, on 18 November 2020, the Council's Resilience Unit held a council-wide briefing, to alert all Silver Officers to the challenges of the upcoming winter, and encourage a further review of Business Continuity Plans. In order to stay ahead of emerging issues such as Brexit, each Directorate's Duty Silver Officer is currently required to complete a report each day, by 6pm, to note any issues and ensure an appropriate/ timely response. This reporting began on 23 November 2020 and will continue for the foreseeable future.

As the details of the trade deal are analysed, the Brexit Issues Register will be amended to reflect its implications; the issues will continue to be monitored and mitigations updated.

> The UK's departure from the EU will bring change for organisations of every size and sector, regardless of a 'deal' being agreed. Businesses need to take action if they: import or export; transfer personal data; provide services or operate in the EU; are involved with intellectual property or copyright; and/or employ EU citizen staff. In order to support businesses, the Council is implementing a three tiered communications approach (national, regional and local), alongside continuing to push a signposting service, including to UK Government/ Welsh Government support and guidance.

Linked Risks	Key Indicators / Meas
Business Continuity	<ul> <li>High level economic indicators - GDP, GVA</li> </ul>
	Unemployment levels, particularly in key
	<ul> <li>Hate Crime statistics</li> </ul>
	Numbers enrolled in settlement scheme

Moving forward, work will be undertaken to understand the implications of the UK-EU Trade and Cooperation Agreement. Brexit issues will continue to be monitored and mitigations updated, ensuring that the Council is alert and ready to respond to new arrangements/ any potential disruption.

required:

The Council will continue to promote the EU Settlement Scheme in communities with high levels of EU migrants. Information on the scheme is being provided to community groups in relevant community languages. Engagement is ongoing with Welsh and UK Governments to ensure an alignment of messaging and of advice on support pathways available.

To report real-time Brexit disruption requiring an immediate response, Duty Silver Officers have been asked to use the command and control system already in place, as outlined in the Council's Major Incident Plan. The Council will continue to monitor the major developments and focus on areas where local action may be

Risk Ov	wner(s)
<b>Paul Orders</b> Vanagement Team)	<b>Councillor Huw Thomas</b> Leader (Brexit)

What we plan to do to meet target

# **Citizens and Community Cohesion**

# Support for Local Businesses

# ures used to monitor the risk

services/sectors

# **Performance Management**

# Description

The risk that the Council's Performance Management arrangements do not achieve their stated purpose.

Performance Management arrangements are essential for discharging statutory requirements, delivering the administration's priorities and ensuring Council core business is delivered effectively. Weak corporate performance management arrangements heighten the risk of poor performance, service failure, financial overspend or legal non-compliance going unidentified, unchallenged and unresolved.

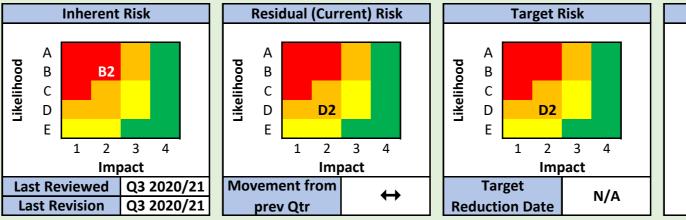
The Council must therefore maintain a focus on the Key Performance Indicators it has identified within the Corporate Plan as a pointer to overall organisational success. The Council must also ensure that more granular indicators of performance- the Council's Core Data which is managed by individual Directorates- are established and monitored to provide more detailed insight into the drivers of corporate performance.

Changes to the Statutory Performance Requirementshave been set out in Local Government Bill and work is being undertaken to ensure the requiremnets are embedded in theCouncil's performance regime.

# Potential Impact(s)

• The strategic and corporate level changes do not have the intended impact because they are not fully embedded in operational practices

 Council unable to accelerate performance improvement as planned/desired



# What we've done/are currently doing to achieve the Residual Risk Rating The annual Wellbeing Report for 2019/20 has been published and this includes a comprehensive account of the Council's response to the Covid-19 pandemic. A half year strategic assessment of performance has also been undertaken as part of a strengthened approach to performance management. This approach included a series of assurance sessions between directorates and the chief executive, a strategic evaluation of performance with Cabinet and a half year assessment of performance with the Performance Panel.

Type(s) o	of Impact	Linked Risks	Key Indicators /
Service Delivery			Quarterly monitoring of corporate pla
Reputational			health and corporate performance. C
<ul> <li>Stakeholder</li> </ul>			the performance monitoring process.

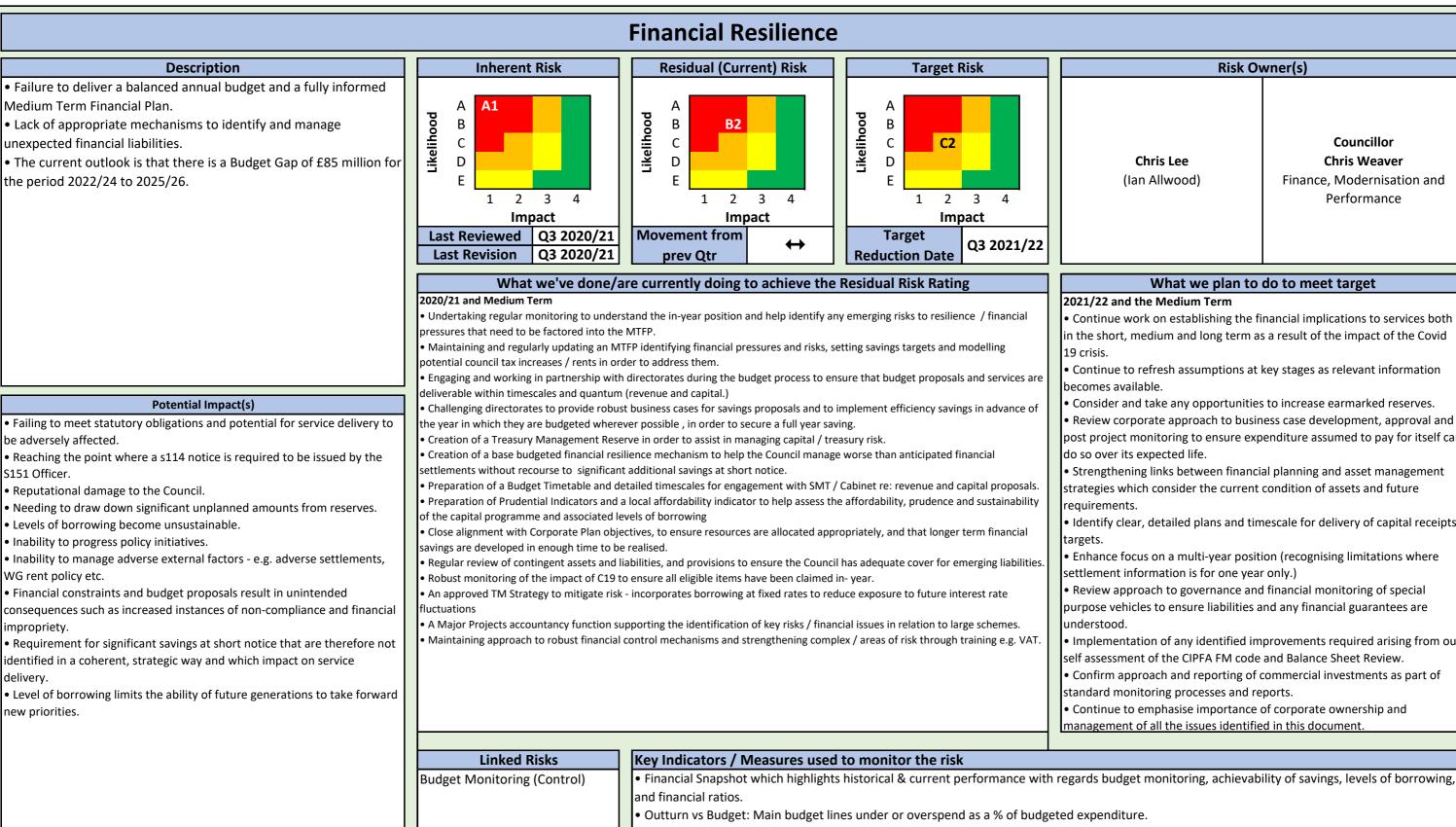
Risk Ov	wner(s)
<b>Sarah McGill</b> (Gareth Newell)	<b>Councillor Chris Weaver</b> Finance, Modernisation and Performance
What we plan to	do to most target

Develop an updated Planning and Delivery Framework that responds to the new requirements set out in the Local Government and Elections Bill and the recommendations of the internal audit

# Measures used to monitor the risk

an indicators (108) provide a pointer to organisational Corporate Plan indicators are also risk assessed as part of

	Bud	get Monitoring (Cor	ntrol)			
Description	Inherent Risk	Residual (Current) Risk		Target Risk	Risk O	wner(s)
Failure to achieve the budget set, inclusive of budgeted spend and savings across Directorates, with increased use of emergency finance measures and the unplanned drawdown of reserves.	A A1 B A A1 C D A A1 D	A B C D E 1 2 3 4 Impact Movement from prev Qtr		D2 1 2 3 4 Impact inget ion Date Q4 2021/22	<b>Chris Lee</b> (Ian Allwood)	<b>Councillor</b> <b>Chris Weaver</b> Finance, Modernisation and Performance
	What we've done/a	are currently doing to achieve the	e Residual	Risk Rating	What we plan to	do to meet target
				<b>.</b>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Potential Impact(s)  Inability to balance spend against budget, for the financial year Requirement to implement emergency measures to reduce spending during the financial year thus adversely impacting on ability to meet corporate plan objectives Requirement to drawdown from General Reserves at the year end	<ul> <li>Clear financial procedure rules set</li> <li>The impact of the pandemic has of Local Authority Hardship Claims income over first six months).</li> <li>Claim Process on a quarterly basis</li> <li>Claims for loss of income are adjuuncertainty of the timescale for reference The 2020/21 Directorate Month overall deficit position of £0.384 m</li> <li>The Corporate Director of Resource meetings throughout the year 2020</li> </ul>	etting out roles and responsibilities for led to significant financial support fro c (circa £41m for first nine months Ad is and is subject to review and poten usted for those costs that can be avo covery in those activities for the rest 9 report reported a directorate over hillion. rces, Chief Executive and Cabinet Me	or budget m om Welsh G ditional Cos tial audit po ided. Range of the finar spend of £2 embers have	hanagement are in place. Government in the form st, Circa £22m for lost ost event. e of forecasts amidst the ncial year and beyond. 2.861 million with an e held challenge	2021/22 and the Medium Term • Focus on determining end of ye costs, claims and income are acco	ar estimates and ensuring that all
Type(s) of Impact		nked Risks			ndicators / Measures used to me	
<ul> <li>Service Delivery</li> <li>Reputational</li> <li>Legal</li> <li>Financial</li> </ul>	Financial Resilience			against savings accepted • Review of use of earma	nitoring reports detailing likely outto arked reserves and balances - Half Ye apport claimed successfully	



MRP as a proportion of NRB.

• Performance against Budget Timetable.

• Frequency / timeliness of engagement with SMT/Cabinet.

Proportion of Savings Proposals in Realised or at Delivering stage.

	Type(s) of Impact	
<ul> <li>Service Delivery</li> <li>Reputational</li> <li>Legal</li> <li>Financial</li> </ul>	• Stakeholder	

Risk Ov	wner(s)
<b>Chris Lee</b> (Ian Allwood)	<b>Councillor</b> <b>Chris Weaver</b> Finance, Modernisation and Performance
What we plan to	do to meet target

• Continue work on establishing the financial implications to services both in the short, medium and long term as a result of the impact of the Covid

- Continue to refresh assumptions at key stages as relevant information
- Consider and take any opportunities to increase earmarked reserves. • Review corporate approach to business case development, approval and post project monitoring to ensure expenditure assumed to pay for itself can do so over its expected life.
- Strengthening links between financial planning and asset management strategies which consider the current condition of assets and future
- Identify clear, detailed plans and timescale for delivery of capital receipts
- Enhance focus on a multi-year position (recognising limitations where settlement information is for one year only.)
- Review approach to governance and financial monitoring of special purpose vehicles to ensure liabilities and any financial guarantees are
- Implementation of any identified improvements required arising from our self assessment of the CIPFA FM code and Balance Sheet Review.
- Confirm approach and reporting of commercial investments as part of standard monitoring processes and reports.
- Continue to emphasise importance of corporate ownership and management of all the issues identified in this document.

Delivery of planned savings: Total (£) unachieved planned savings as a % of total (£) planned savings.

- Use of reserves: 1) Ratio of useable reserves to Net Revenue Budget (NRB), 2) Amount of useable reserves used to balance budget as % of NRB. Council tax: 1) Council tax and other income as % of NRB, 2) Council tax collection rates (in-year actual).
- Borrowing: 1) Total commercial investment income as % of total net general fund budget, 2) Total (£) commercial investments and (£ plus%)
- amount funded from borrowing, 3) Borrowing related to commercial investments as % of General Fund total borrowing, 4) Capital interest costs and

Section 151 Officer Statement in respect of capital strategy, adequacy of reserves and other statutory commentary.

	Frau	ud, Bribery & Corru	ption		
Description	Inherent Risk	Residual (Current) Risk	Target Risk	Risk O	wner(s)
Fraud, financial impropriety or improper business practices increase as internal controls are weakened as resources become severely stretched.	A       B       B2         B       B2       B2         C       D       B         D       D       B         I       2       3       4         Impact       Impact       Impact         Last Reviewed       Q3 2020/21         Last Revision       Q3 2020/21	A B C D E 1 2 3 4 Impact Movement from prev Qtr ←	A B C D E 1 2 3 4 Impact Target 2022/23	<b>Chris Lee</b> (Ian Allwood)	<b>Councillor</b> <b>Chris Weaver</b> Finance, Modernisation and Performance
	What we've done/a	re currently doing to achieve the	e Residual Risk Rating	What we plan to	do to meet target
Potential Impact(s)  Increase in frauds and losses to the Council Reputational risk as more frauds are reported Increased time investigating suspected fraud cases impacting on capacity	<ul> <li>The Council communicates a zero</li> <li>Regular review of relevant policie</li> <li>Money Laundering Policy and Disci</li> <li>Financial Procedure Rules and Co</li> <li>National Fraud Initiative data mar</li> <li>Office.</li> <li>Receipt and dissemination of frau</li> <li>Regular reports to the Section 15</li> <li>Executive.</li> <li>Audit Committee review of the riarrangements of the authority.</li> <li>Independent assurance from Intercontrol.</li> <li>Briefings developed and dissemire incluse.</li> <li>Mandatory disciplinary e-learning learning modules and training for Data activity and explain the roles and research in th</li></ul>	b tolerance approach to fraud, bribe es and procedures e.g. the Fraud, Bri plinary Policy. Intract Standing Orders and Procure tching exercises in collaboration wit ud intelligence alerts from law enfor 1 Officer, Audit Committee, Portfoli sk management, internal control an ernal and External Audit on the effect nated to Schools on fraud and contro udes session on risk management ar nent information on DigiGOV. g module for all managers to comple Disciplinary Hearing Chairs, Investiga ace, to publicise the Council's appro esponsibilities of key parties. rategy approved by Cabinet in July 2	rry and corruption. ibery and Corruption Policy, Anti- ment Rules and training. th the Cabinet Office and Wales Audit reement agencies. io Cabinet Member and the Chief ad corporate governance ctiveness of governance, risk and ol risks. nd compliance / control. ete and a programme of mandatory e- ating Officers and Presenting Officers. ach to counter fraud work / sanction	<ul> <li>Authorisation and Protocol Requires Review of Work Activities policy a investigations being reviewed.</li> <li>Policy updates underway in respinclude a provision of targeted trades and reporting compleawareness training.</li> </ul>	irements for nd process for undertaking online ect of money laundering, to ining.
	<ul> <li>Face-to-Face Fraud Awareness tragovernors in quarter 4 2019/20.</li> <li>Participation in International Frauannually thereafter.</li> <li>Investigation Team participation</li> <li>Investigation Team provision of in Directorates as required.</li> </ul>	aining delivered to officers and head ud Awareness week commenced in I in SMAS triangulation exercise, com nvestigation and counter-fraud advio r and assessment commenced Janua	November 2019, undertaken Imenced in quarter 3 2019/20. ce, guidance and support to	Key Indicators / Measure • Adherence to the NFI Security P compliance forms • Mandatory Fraud Awareness eL face attendance rates • Delivery of Fraud Awareness we • Delivery of Policy updates • Delivery of mandatory investigat taker training	earning completion and face-to- ek campaign
Type(s) of Impact		Linked Risks		Criminal investigations conducted	
<ul> <li>Service Delivery</li> <li>Reputational</li> <li>Legal</li> <li>Financial</li> </ul>				<ul> <li>Provision of timely investigation guidance and support to Directora</li> </ul>	

## **Information Governance Inherent Risk Residual (Current) Risk Target Risk** Risk Owner(s) Description Information handled inappropriately leaves the Council exposed to intervention and financial penalties issued by the Information А A1 А А Likelihood Likelihood Likelihood В В В Commissioner (ICO). This includes information held by Cardiff С С С Councillor Schools. D D D1 D D2 Chris Lee **Chris Weaver** F F Е (Dean Thomas) 23 4 2 3 2 3 Performance 1 1 4 1 4 Impact Impact Impact Movement from Last Reviewed Q3 2020/21 Target $\leftrightarrow$ Q2 2021/22 Last Revision Q3 2020/21 **Reduction Date** prev Qtr What we've done/are currently doing to achieve the Residual Risk Rating What we plan to do to meet target Suite of Information Governance Processes, Policies and Strategies in place and annually updated. A review will be conducted of all directorates Information Asset Gold level assurance has been achieved through the annual Cyber Security Plus ISAME Accreditation, the Registers to ensure that these are accurate and up to date. This next annual accrediation of this process will take place in September 2021. work will enable the Council to work towards completing a Record Information Governance Training Strategy in place and training provided to staff with email accounts and of Processing Activity access to electronic personal data. • Monitoring the position in relation to International Transfers as a Processes established through procurement and ICT acquisition processes for ensuring Data Protection result of a potential no deal Brexit continues. Data flows have been Potential Impact(s) Impact Assessments are completed if personal data is being processed, including Data Processing established to enable any additional measures which may be Leads to the Information Commissioner issuing notices of non-compliance Agreement with third party contractors. Corporate platforms and Information Governance control required in line with any adequacy decision briefings are provided to the Information Governance & Security Board Staff awareness of Information Governance to be provided to These could consist of: energise the importance of staff and managers' responsibilities for A corporate Information Asset Register is held which details personal data assets held by each Council • A "Stop Now" Order which would mean that no personal data could be directorate. ensuring the services comply with corporate policies processes by the Council in its entirety Service Level Agreements in place where Cardiff Council is the Data Controller for regional services, Information Governance continue to support Legal Services and • An Information Notice which would mean that a service would have to including Rent Smart Wales, National Adoption Service and Cardiff Capital City Deal HR with ensuring that an appropriate agreement is put in place to provide information in a very limited period thereby impacting on service Advice, guidance and support is provided to all Cardiff Schools. manage data protection risks associated with employee information delivery Corporate Retention schedule in place and updated annually in line with any legislative changes. data transfers and handling • A Decision Notice could be issued as a result of non compliance with an Information Governance Maturity Model established to monitor risks against areas of information A work plan will be agreed for Informaton Governance Champions FOI/EIR request which would require information disclosure to plan out activities over 2021-22 which will require particular governance to feed into corporate risk status. • Undertaking which requires an Action Plan of Remedial Measures which • The Digitalisation of Paper Records Strategy and associated business process changes is in place with focus, this will include the review of directorates would be subject to ICO Audit alternative delivery contracts in place to support increased paper storage demands. A corporate review of the Council's Publication Scheme · Enforcement Notice requires immediate improvement action to be put in Data Protection e-learning training released with an extended period for completion during 2020/21. place committments will be provided to Information Governance & • Financial Penalty up to £17.5 million for Higher Level Tier and Compliance is monitored and reported to Directors. Security Board to determine next steps for continued assurance £8 million for Lower Level Tier breaches of the Data Protection Act. An Information Governance Report is provided to Information Governance & Security Board on a against the Council's publication and open data requirements · Compensation unlimited liability claims for damages as a result of a data quarterly basis. This sets out performance information in respect of data protection and information Processes will be implemented to enable Information Governance breach from individuals. request compliance for each directorate. & Security Board to have oversight of DPIA's completed against National and Regional Information Governance Agreements in place in respect of covid-19 data Procurement Contract Awards where personal data is processed processes, including Cardiff & Vale TTP Information Governance agreements and National Joint Data • An annual review of all Policies and Strategies will take place in Controller Agreements March 2021. • A data processor agreement is being developed with TCS to appropriately manage risks of data processing of employee data. This work is being supported through Legal Services with Information Governance providing guidance to ensure controls are put in place An Information Governance Champions Group has been established. The Group of IG Champions will be responsible for monitoring and reporting IG compliance into the Information Governance & Security Board Key Indicators / Measures used to monitor the risk Type(s) of Impact Service Delivery Stakeholder Suite of IG Indicators Reputational **Linked Risks** No. of ICO correspondence Legal • No. of FOI / SAR Requests Financial No. of individuals trained on GDPR modules

Finance, Modernisation and

# Description

There are 11 areas of potential risk within the National Cyber Security Centre cyber risk model. Of these, nine are assessed as well controlled within the Council

Two of the eleven areas of a Cyber Security assessment underpinning the corporate risk have been identified as high risk as follows:

Monitoring - the volumes of systems, applications and audit logs do not lend themselves to easily assess how and when systems are being used, leading to an ineffective response to deliberate attacks or accidental user activity

Corporate Cloud Security - 2018 Internal Audit identified contract, SLA and service management weaknesses in externally hosted services

# Potential Impact(s)

The intent of cyber attackers includes, but is not limited to: • financial fraud;

• information theft or misuse,

 activist causes to render computer systems intolerable and to disrupt critical infrastructure and vital services.

The impact of a cyber-attack / incident has the potential to involve the realisation of the risks associated with:

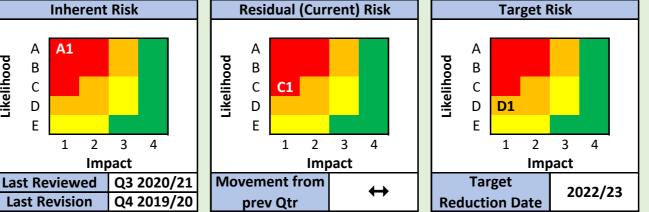
• An information governance breach (i.e. Stop Now Order, Information Notice, Enforcement Notice, Financial Penalty etc.)

• A business continuity incident - with a potential for major loss of service and legal, health and safety and financial implications.

• A financial / fraud related attack.

A malicious attack could result in loss of confidence from those transacting with the Council (reputation), as well as legal, asset, system, operational and financial implications.

# **Cyber Security**



# What we've done/are currently doing to achieve the Residual Risk Rating

The principal controls for the high risk areas are as follows:

# Monitoring

Likelihood

 Log analysis is undertaken on a prioritised basis with incident reporting to ISB and discussed with IAO risk of vulnerabilities could be further mitigated with additional resourcing for log monitoring - this is under continual review

# Corporate Cloud Security

• Maturing PIA & CIA process used to assess risks to data and technology solutions

 Independent assessment and certification of the council's IT security posture via the National Cyber Security Centre (NCSC) Cyber Essentials Plus scheme

• Independent assessment and certification of the Council's Information Governance (GDPR/Data Protection) posture via the ISAME Governance scheme, awarded at the highest level of Gold

• Staff Cyber Security training programme rolled out to all staff to give guidance on threats and how to spot

# Linked Risks

Information Governance

Key Indicators /
Threat intelligence from National Cy
nd guidance via the National Cyber Se
Threats and risks highlighted by NCS
ymru WARP (Warning, Advice and Re
General UK posture and issues raised
Number of compromises - breaches
nformation Security Board and where
Monthly reporting of number of viru

ICT and I

controls:

Register

Ту	/pe(s) of Impact	
Service Delivery	<ul><li>Health &amp; Safety</li><li>Stakeholder</li></ul>	
<ul> <li>Reputational</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Stakeholder</li> </ul>	
• Legal		
Financial		

Risk Ov	wner(s)	
<b>Chris Lee</b> (Phil Bear)	<b>Councillor</b> <b>Chris Weaver</b> Finance, Modernisation and Performance	
What we plan to do to meet target		
-	(IG) Teams to continue to liaise	

with FM for physical security assurances and to promote an incident reporting culture.

• To ensure strong ICT security, monitoring and cloud security

- · ICT lifecycle and notification targets are being monitored and managed through the 'ICT Platforms' risk actions
- Collaboration between ICT and IG to develop and map current ICT system providers in phased development of an Information Asset
- Privacy Impact Assessment / Cloud Impact Assessments to be reviewed to ensure compliance with the requirements of the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) Action Plan being managed by the Information Governance Team Governance and management requirements to be formalised for periodic and systematic review of all ICT systems.
- SIRO to review / consider Cloud Infrastructure to ensure: Assurance of effective governance and management Resource, risk appetite and outcomes required Education of business systems owners in risk and management of cloud based services.

# Measures used to monitor the risk

- ber Security Centre (NCSC), including national posture Security Strategy/Programme
- SC Cyber Security Information Sharing Partnership (CiSP), porting Point) and Welsh Government/WLGA
- d in national and local media
- are monitored, investigated and reported back via
- applicable the ICO
- is attacks via email blocked

# ICT Platforms Unsuitable / Outdated

Description	Inherent Risk	Residual (Current) Risk	Target Risk	
The ICT platforms (desktop, software, network, servers, and telephones) will not be able to support the technologies required by the corporate change programme and deliver effective service to the council, or will not provide a reliable service due to age and condition of equipment and systems.	<ul> <li>Spending for renewal/upgrade of external bandwidth is continually re</li> <li>Migration of data to SharePoint of</li> </ul>	A B C D E 1 2 3 4 Impact Movement from prev Qtr F F Highest risk items, in particular firewater eviewed and reprioritised. For the providing a cloud resilient and a help keep legacy services covered for	alls, core servers/switches and gile service.	• Developm software pla deadlines.
	• 10 year hardware replacement pr	rogramme created with costs estimate	es profiled annually	Pilot leasi
Potential Impact(s)         • Loss of PSN services.         • Service delivery impacts from unreliable/unavailable ICT systems         • Cardiff seen as unable to deliver on aspirations         • Poor morale (poor user experience) from frustrations with inability to deliver services.         • Potential for income losses from revenue collection impacts.         • Unable to corporately meet delivery deadlines on both business as usual and transformation projects.         • Cyber security breach.	priority • Assessment of equipment require	ed replacing to maintain PSN complian	nce	
Type(s) of Impact         • Service Delivery         • Reputational         • Financial         • Stakeholder	Lir	iked Risks	Key I     Annual independent te     Technology Health Check	

Risk Ov	wner(s)
<b>Chris Lee</b> (Phil Bear)	<b>Councillor</b> <b>Chris Weaver</b> Finance, Modernisation and Performance
Millet we also to do to most torrest	

What we plan to do to meet target

nent of lifecycle monitoring for operating systems and latforms, and clearer customer engagement of upcoming

ing scheme within schools to be considered for corporate tate

# Measures used to monitor the risk

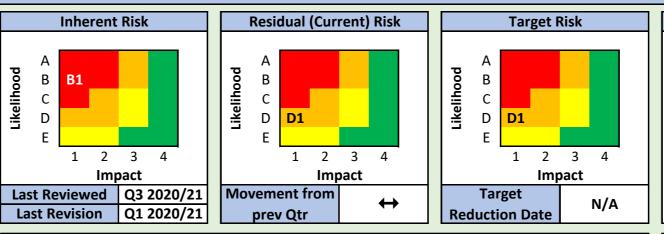
nal and internal infrastructure via Information SN compliance.

# **Business Continuity**

# Description

Large scale incident/loss affecting the delivery of services.

The potential risk is that our most time sensitive activities are not sufficiently resilient and fail, following an incident which impacts on their delivery and that our incident management structure, used in response to internal incidents and external emergencies, also fails in response to an incident.



# What we've done/are currently doing to achieve the Residual Risk Rating

• The Council has a BCM Champion who sponsors BCM at a strategic level

• We have an approved Business Continuity Policy which is aligned to ISO22301

BCM toolkit is now available on CIS

- The Council employs a Business Continuity Officer who is a qualified ISO22301 lead auditor
- The Emergency Management Unit has developed an Incident Management Plan (Cardiff Council's
- Emergency Management Plan) to ensure alignment with ISO22301. This was fully updated in March 2019.The Council has a 24 hour Incident Management structure for Gold and Silver Officers.
- Cardiff Council is a member of the Core Cities Business Continuity Group
- Internal Audit completed an audit of the Business Continuity Risk in September 2018 and the assurance statement was "Effective with opportunity for improvement"
- Q4 of 2019/2020 saw the council undertake a full review and update of the activities delivered across the council allowing us to focus on the resilient delivery of key functions as we planned and responded to the COVID19 threat. This review was delivered at the Strategic Level.
- Each Directorate was tasked with reviewing and updating their key business continuity plans in preparation for the emerging COVID19 threat. Each Director/Corporate Director was responsible for ensuring this work was undertaken fully and properly. The existing Business Continuity work provided a solid foundation to our response to the COVID19 threat.

•The full corporate incident management team was activated in early March.

•The Council worked positively at a Local Resilience Forum(LRF) level with partners supporting a wider Wales response to the COVID19 threat. This included daily reporting and escalation of key issues to the LRF.

• Areas were forced to change to a far more agile way of operating with our core ICT requirements changing to support far more agile/home working. The mode of delivery worked exceptionally well and provides the potential for longer-term resilient agile working in response to the ongoing COVID19 risk, in addition to positively supporting other aims and corporate risks.

• Staff across the council adapted at speed and have worked incredibly hard to deliver key services in new ways, in addition many staff changed roles to support the resilient delivery of key services and new asks on the council to keep the public safe.

	Type(s) of Impact	Linke	d Risks	Key Indicators /
<ul> <li>Service Delivery</li> <li>Reputational</li> <li>Legal</li> <li>Financial</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Health &amp; Safety</li> <li>Stakeholder</li> </ul>	Brexit Risk		The Red activity BC plan status is revie CRR submission. Additionally the risk process via the CRR returns and the B Audit of the Business Continuity Risk

# Potential Impact(s)

 Health and Safety – potential impact on staff and on the public relying or our most, time sensitive, critical services

• Legal action -Failure of key services could lead to Legal action against the council

• Financial - Failure of key services could led to significant financial cost both in terms of Ombudsman action and Enforcement action from regulatory bodies, as well as individual legal action against the corporate body where service failure leads to legal action against us from private claimants

• **Reputational** - Impact on key services to the public could lead to significant reputational damage to the organisation

• Stakeholder – Impact on key stakeholders as result of failure

• Service delivery – Potential significant impact on service delivery to the public, impact of key services could lead to significant impacts to the public and the corporate body un delivering its services

Disk O	
Risk Ov	wner(s)
Chris Lee	<b>Councillor Huw Thomas</b> Leader
What we plan to do to meet target	

Work with ICT to ensure our core infrastructure is as resilient as possible and able to support additional agile working capacity.
Work with the teams involved with looking at the potential of using alternative delivery models for council services. Identifying risks associated with alternative delivery models for specific services and recommend potential risk management solutions for

implementation, to protect the delivery of our most critical services.
The Business Continuity Officer is working to develop and enhance individual Directorate response capability to ensure Directorates are in a stronger position to respond to incidents which could impact on the Council and our most time sensitive activities

 The BC officer is continuing a review of 4x4 resources across the council to support our response capability to deal with the potential of winter storms.

•The BC officer along with the Resilience Unit are continuing to ensure that corporately we are able to respond to the COVID19 threat and the ongoing risk including of second and third waves until the threat of the pandemic has fully dissipated.

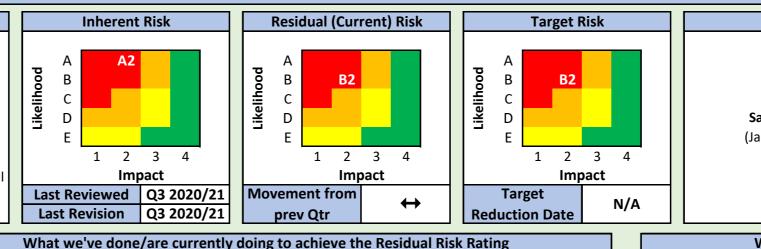
# Measures used to monitor the risk

ewed on a quarterly basis via a report to SMT after the is managed as part of the Corporate Risk Management C risk is also audited by Internal Audit . The last Internal was in in 2018.

# Welfare Reform

# Description

That the Council cannot meet its statutory obligations with the increased demands and reduced budgets placed upon it by the Welfare Reform including: Universal Credit, further reduction in Benefit Cap and size restrictions for social tenants. The potential impact of these changes on rent arrears, homelessness and child poverty make these changes a significant risk. The removal of the DWP funding that paid for digital and budgeting support across the city will potentially increase the problem, although currently council reserves are being used to mitigate this.



# Potential Impact(s)

• Benefit claimants are priced out of the private rented sector market

• Private landlords stop renting to benefit claimants • Private landlords leaving the rental housing market Social housing rents become unaffordable to some claimants, in particular those with large families Increased homelessness and demand for temporary accommodation – increased numbers seeking help with homelessness due to loss of private sector accommodation has already been seen.

Increased rough sleeping

 Increased rent arrears, increased evictions - The impact on Council tenant rent arrears has already been considerable and is having an on the HRA, this will continue to increase as more tenants move to Universal Credit.

• Redeployment / Severance for housing benefits staff

 Changing demands on Council stock resulting in increased voids and/or undersupply of smaller properties

 Increased council rent arrears could impact on HRA and lead to barriers to building additional affordable housing

 LA less likely to pre-empt those who are going to be affected by changes and therefore unable to put mitigation steps in- This has already had a negative impact on the number of families where contact can be initiated by advice teams to families who have been affected by the benefit cap.

 Increase in poverty and child poverty, potentially an increase on demand of social services

 Communities staff continue to work closely with private landlords and advice agencies to mitigate wherever possible the reduction in benefit and prevent eviction. The new Landlord portal will be operational

Discretionary Housing payments are being used to top up the benefit claims of those most affected by the changes and to pay rent in advance and bonds to help tenants to move accommodation where necessary.

 Housing Options service have developed additional support to help move families and vulnerable adults into private sector housing with a guarantor agreement to help mitigate the risk of financial loss that landlords fear.

• Housing Options service have created additional help for those on low incomes but not on benefits to access an interest free loan to pay for bond, rent in advance and moving costs. This also helps with financial inclusion as the clients will open up a savings account with the credit union and have a lump sum saved by the time the loan is repaid.

• A new rent rescue pathway has been launched to support any clients who disclose rent arrears with Hub, Money Advice and Cardiff and Vale Credit union and HOC working together to support those identified. Letters have also been sent to landlords advising them of the support the HOC can provide them if their tenants are in arrears.

 Housing Options service are working with third sector partners to help clients move into settled accommodation in the private rented sector, primarily for single people who have lived in supported accommodation.

Digital and budgeting Support is being given to claimants to help them respond to the changes, although funding has been stopped for this, so the Council is using its reserves to provide this service, the sustainability of this is therefore in question. • A streamlined process is in place for re-housing tenants who need to downsize as a result of the social housing size

restrictions. DHP is being used to pay removal costs and to cover shortfall while tenants are waiting to move. Welfare Liaison team within the housing service is in place to assist tenants affected by the changes. Work has been carried out to identify those affected by the Benefit Cap and to advise them accordingly and to identify the most vulnerable families and award DHP. • DHP process has been reviewed to ensure that all those who request a DHP are given budgeting, income maximisation and debt advice

 Universal Credit full service has commenced in Cardiff. Despite additional resources put in place rent arrears for council tenants have risen significantly since the change was implemented. The Welfare Liaison team work closely with tenants to mitigate the impact of the change.

 The Money Advice Team is providing comprehensive advice services for those affected by Welfare Reform and this has been rolled out across the city in Community Hubs and foodbanks.

• The Inclusive Growth Board and subgroups are coordinating multi-agency activity and developing appropriate interventions during a difficult transition period for many people affected. (Paused during Covid but Economic taskforce set up to support people affected by the economic downturn due to the pandemic.)

• Briefings continue to be provided to Members on Welfare Reform and further information is sent as appropriate. Digital inclusion training and Universal Credit Support has been rolled out across all the new Community Wellbeing Hubs. • Into Work Services has been expanded to include Adult Learning and Cardiff Works, providing more pathways into wotk. The team can provide help and support to anyone in the city from light touch support to intensive one to one mentoring. Adviceline resource increased over since March 2020 so support can be provided throughout the pandemic. This has been vital to support residents during some very hard times

New Money Advice Website launched providing local, up to date information in money related issues and help.

Type(s) of Impact **Linked Risks** Key Indicators / Measures used to monitor the risk Number of customers supported and assisted with their claims for Universal Credit Additional weekly benefit identified for clients of the city centre advise team

Risk O	wner(s)
<b>Sarah McGill</b> (Jane Thomas)	<b>Councillor Lynda Thorne</b> Housing & Communities

# What we plan to do to meet target

 Further additional resource has been agreed for supporting council tenants following the mplementation of Universal Credit Full Service as rent arrears have increased significantly, staff have been recruited to assist with this and the new team is working well. Rent arrears procedure has been reviewed to include a more preventative and flexible approach and more assistance for more vulnerable tenants. After an initial sharp increase in rent arrears, the rate of increase has stabilised. This will be monitored over the coming months. • Work has being undertaken to cost the potential risks of Universal Credit to the HRA and

this will continue to be updated as more information is known. Regular meetings are held with social housing providers to monitor and improve processes. • DHP spend is being monitored carefully. Expenditure for 2020/21 will continue focusing on

the most vulnerable individuals, helping people with the transition into work and mitigating the risk of homelessness.

• Services for private landlords are being further developed to help prevent them withdrawing from the market.

• Increase in Prevention staff to work with clients at risk of homelessness. Service can be provided from a partner building or in a client's home to increase engagement.

In depth assessments to be completed at point of presentation to include a financial statement which will allow discussion to be had around possible expenditure concerns Attendance at monthly meetings to discuss clients affected by Welfare Reform in order that early support can be offered.

 Increase in Private Rented Sector Housing Solutions Team to obtain affordable private rented sector accommodation in order to assist clients to move quickly to avoid accruing

higher rent arrears.

• Expansion of the Private Rented Sector Housing Solutions Team to include a dedicated person of contact for landlords. This will mean that any issues can be raised at the earliest stage and support provided to try to prevent any issues which may lead to homelessness. • Dedicated phone line for landlords will mean easier contact with above team.

• A new Advice Team is now in place within the Housing Options Service to assist clients and landlords and to ensure that help available is promoted. This will include an online messaging service making the Service accessible to a wider range of clients.

• Digital and budgeting support available from Into Work and Money Advice on a Saturday for the first time for those who are claiming UC and in work

 Introduction of landlord portal so that HA's and in the future, private landlords can access information guickly about amount of and dates of payments due online

• Extensive publicity campaign to be launched early 2021 promoting the Advice Services to encourage people to seek sooner rather than later and to raise awareness of the service.

## Increase in Demand (Children's Services) **Inherent Risk Residual (Current) Risk Target Risk** Description Failure to effectively manage demand resulting in increase in number of children looked after and the service and financial Α А А Likelihood Likelihood Likelihood В В В **B1** pressures this presents. С С С **C1** D D D D1 F F Е (De 23 4 2 3 2 3 1 1 4 1 4 Impact Impact Impact Last Reviewed Q3 2020/21 Movement from Target $\leftrightarrow$ 12 mths + Last Revision Q3 2020/21 **Reduction Date** prev Qtr What we've done/are currently doing to achieve the Residual Risk Rating Early Help Strategy (Relevant DDP 2019/20 actions noted in brackets.) Cardiff Family Advice and Support Service Information, Advice and Assistance functions (including Dewis Cymru) groups beneath it Locality working • Interface Protocol for Children's Services with Children's Team Around Family (TAF) and Disability Team Around the Family (DTAF) 12 - CS) Flying Start Potential Impact(s) Rapid Response Service Family breakdown leading to children becoming looked after Adolescent Resource Centre • Growth in the number of children entering the looked after system and Legal tracker CS) associated costs for the Authority Decision making panels Insufficient placements to meet need • Direct Payments • Children are less likely to achieve their potential and to be fully Mental Health Service (CAMHS) to be reviewed (CP 5 - CS) Young Carers Action Plan participating citizens Families First Services recommissioned • Life chances for children are reduced Signs of Safety implementation plan • Delays in issuing care proceedings because of existing capacity in both "Delivering Excellent Outcomes" Children's Services Strategy Children's and Legal Services planning for Adult and Children's Social Services (CP 24 - SS) • Recruitment and retention strategy in place to address children's workforce issues. Challenges in improving outcomes for children Flexible approach to the deployment of staff utilising people's skills and capacity to solve problems / take projects • Challenges in effectively managing service and financial pressures forward and reduce "silo" working. • Significant increase in demand for residential and foster care placements Focussed on what ONLY social workers can do and identified what tasks can be completed by other workers – further for children looked after resulting in increase in numbers living outside work on skill mix is ongoing. Cardiff Working hours flexible to meet service and personal needs. Referrals to Safe Families. services. • Referrals to Ymbarel. Potential for backlog of private law cases noted. • Provision and analysis of performance information being tailored to meet arising issues (e.g. monitoring domestic violence). Managed Team resource secured - graduated exit plan in place. • Care & Support staff resources secured until 31st March 2021. • Care & Support Plan Reviewing Officers. Work to develop a Reunification Framework. Key Indicators / Measures used to monitor the risk Linked Risks Workforce Planning (Social Services) Children's Services: Safeguarding Early Help 1 - Number of people supported through the Family Gateway • Early Help 2 - Number of people supported by the Family Help Team Early Help 3 - Number of people supported by the Family Support Team Type(s) of Impact • Contacts 1 - Number of Contacts / Referrals Received • Service Delivery Community & Environment • SSWB 24 - Percentage of assessments completed for children within statutory timescales Reputational Stakeholder CS LAC 3e - Number of children looked after Legal • Financial

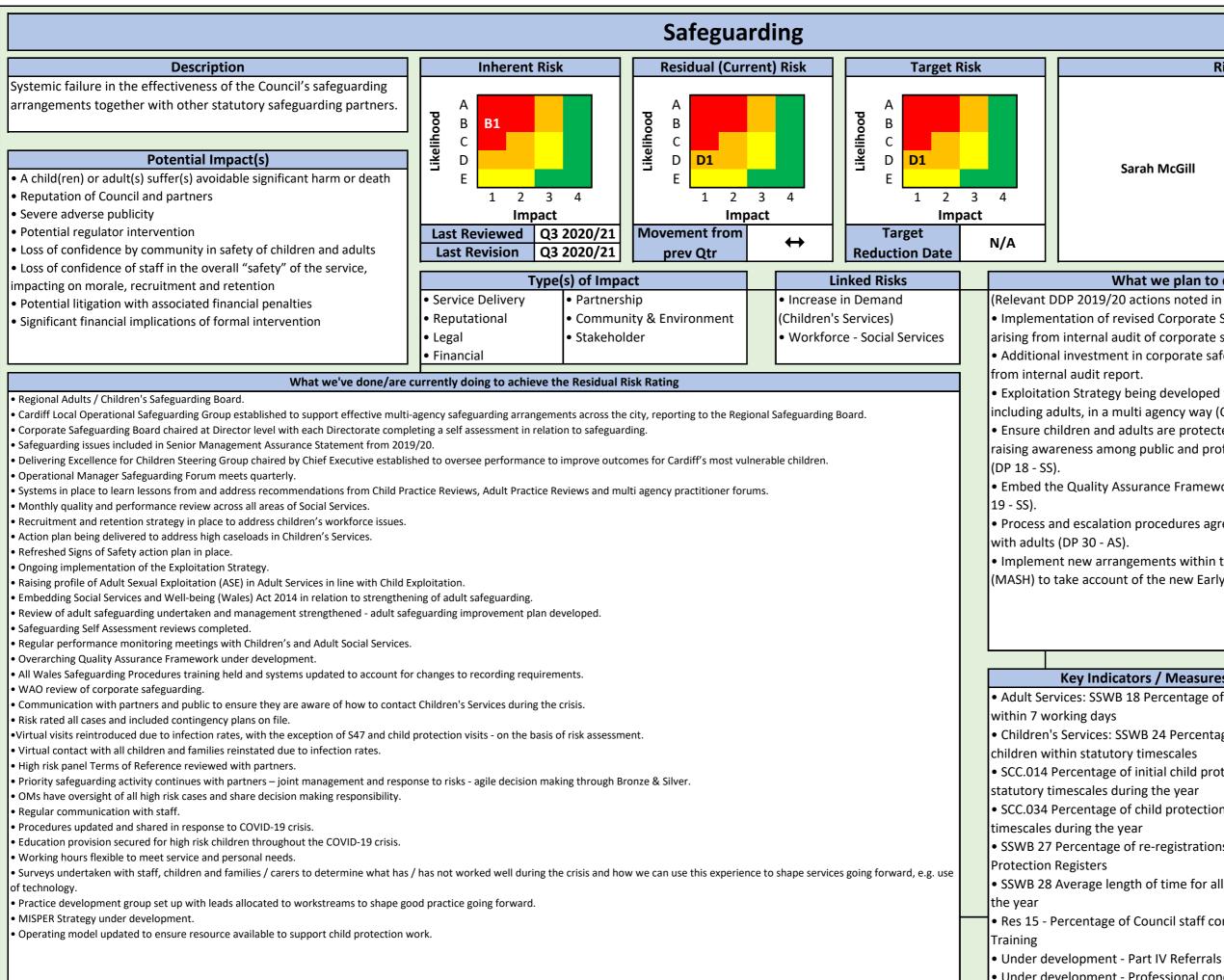
Risk Ov	wner(s)	
<b>Sarah McGill</b> borah Driffield)	<b>Councillor Graham Hinchey</b> Children & Families	
What we plan to do to meet target		

Improving Outcomes for Children Programme Board and project

 Children's Commissioning Strategy and Market Position Statement being developed to address placement quality and sufficiency (CP

• Fostering project and residential care projects supporting delivery of the emerging needs from the Commissioning Strategy (CP 12 -

• Partnership arrangements for delivery of Child and Adolescent Transformation and ICF proposals developed to enhance services at the edge of care and support proactive improvement (DP 21 - SS) • Deliver a three year plan that combines service and financial • Implement new senior management arrangements to ensure that we are able to meet the current and future challenges (DP 22 - SS) Following initial dip in demand in the post lock down period, demand has started to rise again; ongoing monitoring due to potential for impact of COVID-19 crisis to increase demand for



Risk Owner(s)		
Councillor Huw Thomas		
Leader		
Councillor Susan Elsmore		
Social Care, Health &		
Well-being		
Councillor Graham Hinchey		
Children & Families		
<b>Councillor Chris Weaver</b>		
Finance, Modernisation and		
Performance		

What we plan to do to meet target

(Relevant DDP 2019/20 actions noted in brackets.)

• Implementation of revised Corporate Safeguarding Policy and action plan arising from internal audit of corporate safeguarding (CP 19 - SS).

Additional investment in corporate safeguarding to address recommendations

 Exploitation Strategy being developed to cover wider exploitation issues, including adults, in a multi agency way (CP 20 - SS).

• Ensure children and adults are protected from risk of harm and abuse by raising awareness among public and professionals for the duration of the plan

Embed the Quality Assurance Framework in Adult and Children's Services (DP

• Process and escalation procedures agreed for children's work, to be agreed

• Implement new arrangements within the Multi Agency Safeguarding Hub (MASH) to take account of the new Early Help Service (CP 21 - CS).

# Key Indicators / Measures used to monitor the risk

• Adult Services: SSWB 18 Percentage of adult protection enquiries completed

Children's Services: SSWB 24 Percentage of assessments completed for

• SCC.014 Percentage of initial child protection conferences carried out within

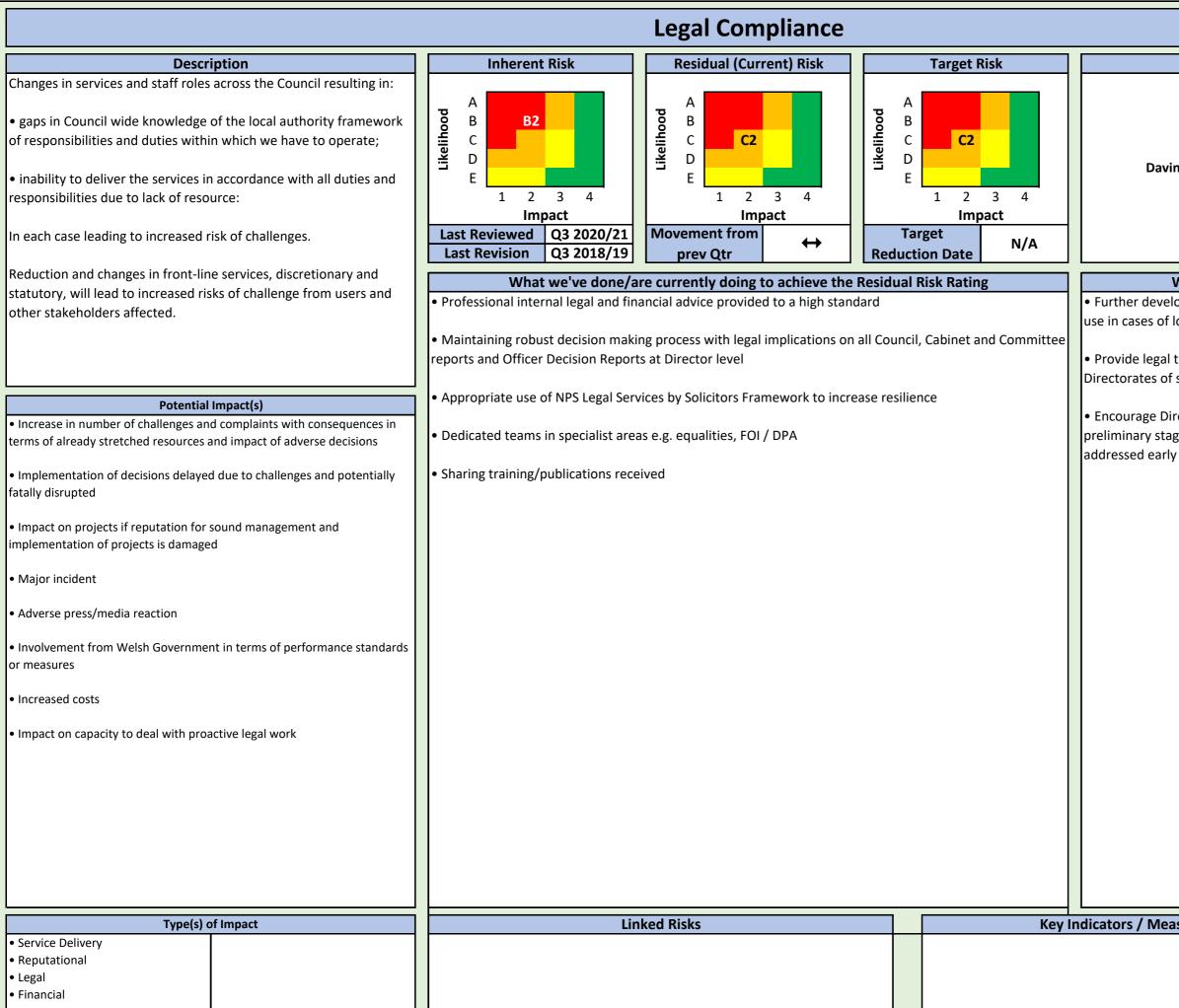
• SCC.034 Percentage of child protection reviews carried out within statutory

• SSWB 27 Percentage of re-registrations of children on local authority Child

• SSWB 28 Average length of time for all children who were on the CPR during

• Res 15 - Percentage of Council staff completing Safeguarding Awareness

- Under development Professional concerns
- Under development Escalating concerns



Risk Ov	wner(s)
Davina Fiore	<b>Councillor Huw Thomas</b> Leader
What we plan to do to meet target	

• Further development of standard precedents with guidance for use in cases of low value/low risk/repetitive matters

 Provide legal training to Directorates to develop knowledge within Directorates of specific statutory functions.

• Encourage Directorates to ensure reports are discussed at preliminary stage in development to ensure all legal issues are addressed early

# Key Indicators / Measures used to monitor the risk